

BUREAUX INTERNATIONAUX
RÉUNIS POUR LA PROTECTION
DE LA PROPRIÉTÉ INTELLECTUELLE
GENÈVE, SUISSE

BIRPI

E 22119
BIRPI.M
UNITED INTERNATIONAL
BUREAUX FOR THE PROTECTION
OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
GENEVA, SWITZERLAND

MANAGEMENT REPORT 1964

- I. United International Bureaux for the Protection of Intellectual Property (BIRPI)
- II. International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property (Paris Union) (80th year) and Separate Agreements
- III. International Union for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (Berne Union) (77th year)

GENEVA
1965

(Translation)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I

UNITED INTERNATIONAL BUREAU
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (BIRPI)

	Pages
QUESTIONS CONCERNING BIRPI AS A WHOLE:	
Financial Questions	2
Interunion, Coordination Committee	2
Working Party on an Administrative Convention	3
ACCOUNTS.- OBSERVATIONS:	
Results of the Year 1964.	4
Receipts for the Year 1964.	4
Expenditure for the Year 1964	7
Pension Fund.	8
Financial Situation of the Five Unions.	9
ACCOUNTS.- TABLES:	
Receipts and Contributions.	10
Expenses.	11
Balance sheet at December 31, 1964.	12
<u>Table A:</u> Current Accounts.	13
Table B: Paris Union: Contributions to be recovered.	14
Table C: Nice Union: Contributions to be recovered	15
Table D: Berne Union: Contributions to be recovered.	16
Table E: Sundry Debtors.	17
Table F: Creditors	17
<u>Table G:</u> Funds	18
<u>Table H:</u> Headquarters Building of BIRPI- Investments	18
<u>Table I:</u> Headquarters Building of BIRPI- Loan granted by the Pension Fund	19

II

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY (PARIS UNION)
AND SEPARATE AGREEMENTS

Pages

PARIS UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY:

Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1964.	21
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union.	23
Periodical Reviews: <u>La Propriété Industrielle</u> <u>and Industrial Property</u>	23
BIRPI Meetings.	25
Other Activities of BIRPI	26
Accounts for the Year 1964.	28
<u>Table P/1</u> : Number of Units	29
<u>Table P/2a</u> : Ordinary Contributions.	30
<u>Table P/2b</u> : Extraordinary Contributions	31

MADRID AGREEMENT FOR THE PREVENTION OF FALSE
OR MISLEADING INDICATIONS OF SOURCE:

Contracting States as at December 31, 1964.	
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Agreement.	33

MADRID UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL
REGISTRATION OF TRADEMARKS:

Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1964.	34
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union.	34
Periodical Review: <u>Les Marques Internationales</u>	35
Number of International Registrations of Trademarks from 1893 to 1964	36
Number of Searches for Anticipation effected from 1949 to 1964.	36
Graph of the Results of the two previous Tables.	37

	Pages
Statistics of International Trademarks from Commencement (1893) to 1964:	
I. Registered Trademarks	38
II. Refusals	39
Administration	40
Accounts for the Year 1964	41
<u>Table M</u> : Distribution to Member States of the Madrid Union.	42
 THE HAGUE UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL DEPOSIT OF INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS	
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1964 . . .	43
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	43
Periodical Review: <u>Les Dessins et Modèles Internationaux</u> Meeting.	44
Statistics of the Industrial Designs and Models Service from the Commencement (1928) to 1964:	
Number and Type of Deposits; Number of Objects . . .	44
Number and Origin of the Registered and Prolonged Deposits	45
Administration	46
Accounts for the Year 1964	46
 NICE UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF GOODS AND SERVICES TO WHICH TRADEMARKS ARE APPLIED	
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1964 . . .	47
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	47
Publication.	47
Accounts for the Year 1964	48
<u>Table N/1</u> : Number of Units.	48
<u>Table N/2</u> : Contributions.	49
 LISBON UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF APPELLATIONS OF ORIGIN AND THEIR INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION	
Note	50

III

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF LITERARY AND ARTISTIC WORKS
(BERNE UNION)

	Pages
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1964. . .	52
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union.	54
Periodical Review: <u>Le Droit d'Auteur</u>	55
Meetings.	56
Accounts for the Year 1964.	57
<u>Table L/1</u> : Number of Units.	58
<u>Table L/2</u> : Contributions.	59

I

UNITED INTERNATIONAL BUREAUX
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
(BIRPI)

QUESTIONS CONCERNING BIRPI AS A WHOLE

FINANCIAL QUESTIONS

Sharing of common expenditure.- The sharing of common expenditure for the year 1964 was carried out along the same lines as in previous years (see Management Report 1963, page 8).

Financial Rules.- In accordance with Articles 5 and 10 of the Financial Regulations, promulgated in 1963 by the Swiss Government in its capacity of supervisory authority (see Management Report 1963, page 8), and on the basis of the opinion expressed by the second ordinary session of the Interunion Coordination Committee, the Director of BIRPI promulgated the Financial Rules (Document BIG/64), with effect from November 1, 1964.

Budget for 1965.- At its second session in September/October 1964, the Interunion Coordination Committee examined the budget proposals put forward by the Director of BIRPI for 1965 and approved them. The budget for 1965 was adopted by the Swiss Government, as supervisory authority, in conformity with the above proposals and opinion.

INTERUNION COORDINATION COMMITTEE

The second ordinary session of the Committee was held at Geneva, from September 28 to October 2, 1964. All the States Members of the International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property (Paris Union) or of the International Union for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (Berne Union), which were not already members of the Committee, had been invited to be represented by observers. The Committee examined questions of common interest to both Unions, such as, the new Financial Rules, staff matters, the programme and budget of BIRPI for 1965.

Now that the Permanent Bureau of the Consultative Committee of the Paris Union has been replaced by the Executive Committee of the Conference of Representatives

of the Paris Union, the Interunion Coordination Committee will henceforth consist of the Member States of the Executive Committee (and not the Permanent Bureau) of the Paris Union and of the Permanent Committee of the Berne Union.

WORKING PARTY ON AN ADMINISTRATIVE CONVENTION

In pursuance of a decision taken by the Permanent Bureau (Paris Union) and the Permanent Committee (Berne Union) at their joint session held in October 1962, the Working Party appointed to revise some of the administrative clauses of the existing Conventions and other Agreements administered by BIRPI and to draw up an "administrative convention" met at the Headquarters of BIRPI from May 20 to 26, 1964. The Working Party drew up a draft instrument entitled "Draft Convention of the World Intellectual Property Organization".

ACCOUNTS: OBSERVATIONS

RESULTS OF THE YEAR 1964

Receipts for 1964 exceeded expenditure by 349,631 Swiss francs⁽¹⁾:

Receipts	3,942,511 francs
Expenditure	3,592,880 francs
Difference	349,631 francs

Of this difference, 189,000 francs were distributed to the Members of the Madrid Union and 160,631 francs were transferred to various reserve funds.

RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR 1964

Receipts for 1964 amounted to 3,942,511 francs⁽²⁾. In 1963, this amount had been practically the same (3,939,235 francs). These receipts are derived from two main sources and two subsidiary sources.

*

* *

The two main sources are: (a) the contributions of the Member States of the Paris, Nice and Berne Unions; and (b) the fees collected by the two international registration services - the Trademarks Service (Madrid Union) and the Designs Service (The Hague Union).

(1)

In this part of the Report, all the amounts have been rounded off to francs. Unless otherwise stated, "francs" means Swiss francs.

(2)

Including 22,441 francs from the account "Cover of deficit (The Hague Union) by advances".

The contributions of the Member States work out as follows:

	1964	(1963)
	Swiss francs (Swiss francs)	
Paris Union ⁽¹⁾	843,790	(852,913)
Nice Union	71,428	(71,428)
Berne Union	378,508	(366,663)

The ceilings of the contributions remained, for all three Unions, the same as in 1963, i.e., 900,000 francs for the Paris Union, 71,428 francs for the Nice Union, and 400,000 francs for the Berne Union.

As compared with 1963, the amounts actually due were approximately 1% less, in the case of the Paris Union, and 3% more, in the case of the Berne Union. The reason for the decrease in the Paris Union is that, of the ten new Member States of this Union (all of which are in Class VI), eight - Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Ivory Coast, Madagascar, Senegal, Tanzania, Upper Volta - contribute on the basis of the older 1958 ceiling. The reason for the increase in the Berne Union is that, as from 1964, five States - Belgium, Pakistan, Rumania, Tunisia and Turkey - have joined the number of those which have agreed to pay their contributions on the basis of the 1962 ceiling, and that Upper Volta, contributing since 1964, has done likewise.

It should be noted that the contributions actually due for 1964 (Paris Union: 843,790 francs; Berne Union: 378,508 francs) are still 6% and 8%, respectively, below the theoretical ceilings (Paris Union: 900,000; Berne Union: 400,000 francs). The reason for this is that some States have not yet accepted these ceilings and pay their contributions on the basis of the older ceilings. These States are: for the Paris Union (apart from the eight already mentioned), Bulgaria, Canada, Ceylon, Czechoslovakia, Dominican Republic, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Rumania, South Africa, Turkey, United Arab Republic; for the Berne Union, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Yugoslavia. Some of these States have in the meantime agreed to contribute on the basis of the new

(1) Including the 20,000 francs in accordance with Article 13 (7) of the Paris Convention.

ceilings of 900,000 francs (for the Paris Union) and 400,000 francs (for the Berne Union), but only as from 1965.

The receipts derived from the fees collected by the two international registration services are as follows:

		(1963)
	Swiss francs	(Swiss francs)
Trademarks Service.....	2,070,633	(2,001,149)
Designs Service.....	165,315	(174,273)

The increase in the receipts of the Trademarks Service is approximately 3.5% and is mainly due to the fact that the number of registrations increased by about 2% as compared with the previous year.

The receipts of the Designs Service decreased by approximately 5% (the number of deposits registered having decreased by about 2% and that of prolongations by about 11%). The deficit of the Hague Union for 1964 amounts to 22,441 francs (as compared with 20,644 francs in 1963).

The two subsidiary sources of receipts are the subscriptions to periodicals and miscellaneous receipts.

The income from subscriptions to the reviews published by BIRPI and from the sale of other publications was as follows:

	1964	(1963)
	Swiss francs	(Swiss francs)
Paris Union.....	86,381	(55,758) ⁽¹⁾
Madrid Union.....	80,172	(69,544)
The Hague Union.....	9,631	(5,521)
Nice Union.....	9,262	(17,902)
Berne Union.....	32,141	(18,154)
Total....	217,587	(166,879)

(1) See page 22 of the Management Report 1963.

The increase in the receipts of the Paris Union, Madrid Union, The Hague Union and Berne Union is due to the growth in the number of subscribers, the rise in prices, and new publications.

The decrease in the receipts of the Nice Union is due to the fact that the high sales figure for the publication entitled "Classification internationale des produits et services auxquels s'appliquent les marques de fabrique ou de commerce" was reached in 1963, the year the volume first appeared.

Miscellaneous receipts amounted to 114,346 francs (of which 68,451 francs are bank interest). In 1963, miscellaneous receipts totalled 109,941 francs.

The sum of 58,460 francs has been set aside for the improvement of the BIRPI Conference Room. This sum was obtained from renting one of the floors of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI.

EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1964

Expenditure in 1964 amounted to 3,592,880 francs, as compared with 3,279,319 francs in 1963. This represents an increase of approximately 10%.

The following comparisons may be made with the previous year's figures:

	1964	(1963)
	Swiss francs	(Swiss francs)
Personnel	2,048,535	(1,749,316)
Missions and Conferences.....	377,009	(239,987)
Printing	595,677	(553,724)
Maintenance.....	79,135	(71,056)
Furniture and Office Supplies..	134,137	(160,191)
Postage and Telephone	123,737	(112,210)
Miscellaneous and unforeseen...	21,752	(27,109)
Library	7,059	(5,714)

Although the number of permanent staff increased by only 3% (63 instead of 61), staff expenditure increased by 17%. The main reasons are the rise in certain salaries (there were two increases of 4.6% each for staff in category G, as a result of the rise in the cost of living), the increase in the social benefits payable by the employer, and the more frequent recourse to temporary help (when the work accumulates, for example, in connection with the preparations for conferences).

The increase of 137,000 francs for the item "Missions and Conferences" is due to the fact that, under the programme approved by the Committees, a greater number of meetings was organized by BIRPI.

The increase of approximately 8% for the item "Printing" is due to the rise in printing costs and to the increase in the number of trademarks registered.

At the end of 1963, the sum of 707,708 francs was still due by the Paris, The Hague and Berne Unions for the construction costs of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI, the Madrid Union having fully paid up its share in these costs. During 1964, the three Unions effected the amortization provided for in their financment plan (Paris Union: 17,338 francs; The Hague Union: 10,725 francs; Berne Union: 9,287 francs). They now owe the BIRPI Pension Fund (which had advanced the money) the following sums, respectively:

Paris Union.....	311,000 francs	
The Hague Union	193,200	"
Berne Union	166,200	"

PENSION FUND

At the end of 1964, the assets of the Pension Fund amounted to 4,299,107.32 francs.

As the Pension Fund is an independent BIRPI foundation, its situation is only mentioned in this Report for the record.

FINANCIAL SITUATION OF THE FIVE UNIONS

Having regard both to income and expenditure for the financial year 1964, the position of the various Unions on January 1, 1965, was as follows:

The Paris Union and the Berne Union have no debts apart from their long-term debt towards the Pension Fund for the building costs of BIRPI Headquarters. They have very modest reserve accounts (337,247 and 26,365 francs, respectively). It should be noted that these results are obtained by considering as receipts the Member States' contributions for 1964 (as well as the arrears). In actual fact, most of these contributions are still owing, because, under the Paris Union and Berne Union system, Member States usually pay their contributions after the accounts for the financial year have been closed. The time lag of at least a year on average is offset by the advances received from the Swiss Government.

The same general considerations regarding the contributions of Member States also apply to the Nice Union. The latter closes the financial year with a modest reserve of 5,900 francs after paying off its debt of 24,088 francs.

The Madrid Union has no debts. After distributing 189,000 francs to its Member States out of the 1964 account, this Union is left with a reserve fund of 1,419,976 francs.

The Hague Union closes the financial year 1964 with a deficit of 22,441 francs. This sum, together with the previous year's deficit of 20,644 francs, brings the Hague Union's accumulated deficit to 43,085 francs, covered for the time being by advances from the Swiss Government. The Hague Union has no reserve fund. As indicated above, it still owes 193,200 francs for its share in the construction costs of the Headquarters Building.

A C C O U N T S : T A B L E S

R E C E I P T S A N D C O N T R I B U T I O N S

(Swiss francs)

Heading No.	Item	Total	Paris	Madrid	The Hague	Nice	Berne	BIRPI
	<u>Receipts for Year 1964</u>							
80	Contributions to be recovered . . .	1 293 726.--	843 790.--	--	--	71 428.--	378 508.--	--
81	Registration fees	2 235 949.--	--	2 070 633.65	165 315.35	--	--	--
82	Publications	217 587.46	86 381.10	80 171.75	9 631.51	9 262.26	32 140.84	--
83	Receipts reserved for the improve- ment of the Conference Room of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI	58 460.60	--	--	--	--	--	58 460.60
84	Miscellaneous	45 895.58	19 106.83	12 474.72	2 437.95	55.64	11 820.44	--
85	Interest	68 450.70	10 996.02	46 971.81	459.40	183.76	1 755.28	8 084.43
86	Cover of deficit by advances	22 441.77	--	--	22 441.77	--	--	--
	Total	3 942 511.11	960 273.95	2 210 251.93	200 285.98	80 929.66	424 224.56	66 545.03
		=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

E X P E N S E S

(Swiss francs)

Heading No.	Item	Total	Paris	Madrid	The Hague	Nice	Berne	BIRPI
	<u>Expenses for Year 1964</u>							
10-14	Personnel	2 048 534.60	418 390.20	1 242 479.50	123 247.90	23 810.80	240 606.20	
20	Missions	99 068.30	65 583.70	13 224.25	1 047.25	855.90	18 357.20	
21	Travel by third parties	217 707.38	159 606.18	36 281.85	685.05	496.10	20 638.20	
22	Conferences	60 232.84	41 330.34	10 894.40	1 124.05	431.85	6 452.20	
30	Contributors	12 950.85	5 230.55	374.70	327.90	46.85	6 970.85	
31	Translators	35 758.92	20 712.60	5 200.95	1 280.70	1 454.32	7 110.35	
40	Periodicals	305 786.40	36 102.10	220 607.64	13 494.65	429.78	35 152.23	
41	Printing (other than periodicals)	241 180.76	62 238.72	124 783.63	16 398.20	18 238.36	19 521.85	
50	Upkeep of the Building	79 134.45	12 661.50	48 272.--	9 496.15	791.35	7 913.45	
53	Furniture	71 430.55	11 441.15	43 352.80	3 914.70	660.95	12 060.95	
54	Material	62 706.65	7 326.10	40 913.05	3 849.35	1 636.10	8 982.05	
55	Postage	98 920.92	9 206.35	72 028.55	2 817.40	672.80	14 195.82	
56	Telephones	24 816.25	4 963.25	15 137.90	1 489.--	248.15	2 977.95	
60	Miscellaneous and unforeseen	21 751.39	5 229.45	10 435.34	2 562.88	195.55	3 328.17	
61	Library	7 059.35	1 411.85	4 306.20	423.55	70.60	847.15	
64	Amortization of Building	63 036.26	29 253.51	-	18 127.25	-	15 655.50	
65	Fund for the improvement of the Conference Room of the BIRPI Building	58 460.60	-	-	-	-	-	58 460.60
66	Interest	59 354.51	8 699.--	41 826.48	-	-	744.60	8 084.43
67	Reimbursement of debt	24 988.69	-	-	-	24 988.69	-	-
68	Reserve funds	160 631.44	60 887.40	91 132.69	-	5 901.51	2 709.84	-
69	Distribution to Member States (Madrid Union)	189 000.--	-	189 000.--	-	-	-	-
	Total	3 342 511.11	960 273.95	2 210 251.93	200 285.98	80 929.66	424 224.56	66 545.03
		=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

BALANCE SHEET AT DECEMBER 31, 1964
(Swiss francs)

C R E D I T		D E B I T
I. LIQUID ASSETS		
Cash	2 468.41	
Post cheque account	67 073.37	
Current accounts (Table A)	2 017 482.74	
	2 087 024.52	
II. DEBTOR ACCOUNTS		
- Contributions for recovery:		
Paris Union (Table B)	957 806.89	
Nice Union (Table C)	78 124.39	
Berne Union (Table D)	632 955.14	
	1 668 886.42	
- Excess of expenditure:		
The Hague Union-1963	20 643.55	
The Hague Union-1964	22 441.77	
	43 085.32	
- Miscellaneous debtors (Table E)	192 206.79	
	192 206.79	
III. INVENTORY (expendible items)		
Paper in stock	18 030.50	
Other expendible items	p.m.	
	18 030.50	
IV. REAL ESTATE		
Headquarters Building of BIRPI (cost of construction)	2 571 694.05	
	2 571 694.05	
Total	6 580 927.60	
	6 580 927.60	
I. CREDITOR ACCOUNTS		
Creditors (Table F)		683 800.22
Funds (Table G)		443 008.54
Swiss Confederation (advances)		1 092 934.--
II. RESERVE FUNDS		
Paris Union	337 247.56	
Madrid Union	1 419 976.26	
Nice Union	5 901.51	
Berne Union	26 365.46	
	1 789 490.79	
III. HEADQUARTERS BUILDING OF BIRPI		
Investments (Table H)	1 901 294.05	
Loan granted by the Pension Fund (Table I)	670 400.--	
	2 571 694.05	
Total		6 580 927.60
		6 580 927.60

T A B L E A

C U R R E N T A C C O U N T S *

(Swiss francs)

Free accounts:

Crédit Suisse	161 682.44	
Société de Banque Suisse	<u>51 258.10</u>	212 940.54

Blocked accounts:

Crédit Suisse	<u>1 804 542.20</u>
	<u>2 017 482.74</u>
	=====

* All these accounts bear interest.

PARIS UNION: CONTRIBUTIONS TO BE RECOVERED
(Swiss francs)

TABLE B

Class	States	Contributions due for the years prior to and including 1962 still unsettled at the end of 1964	Contributions due for 1963 still unsettled at the end of 1964	Total of Contributions in arrears at the end of 1964	Contributions due for 1964	Contributions to be paid during 1965
III	Australia				26 386.--	26 386.--
VI	Austria				5 278.--	5 278.--
III	Belgium				26 386.--	26 386.--
III	Brazil		7 229.50 ⁽⁶⁾	7 229.50	26 386.--	33 615.50
V	Bulgaria				2 239.--	2 239.-- ⁽²⁾
VI	Cameroon ⁽¹⁾				--	--
II	Canada		1 515.54 ⁽⁶⁾	1 515.54	23 710.--	25 225.54
VI	Central African Republic				3 557.--	3 557.--
VI	Ceylon				3 557.--	3 557.-- ⁽²⁾
VI	Chad				3 557.--	3 557.--
VI	Congo (Brazzaville)				3 557.--	3 557.--
VI	Cuba	1 419.40 ⁽⁷⁾	5 564.50	6 983.90	5 278.--	12 261.90
IV	Czechoslovakia				11 854.--	11 854.--
IV	Denmark				17 590.--	17 590.--
VI	Dominican Republic		3 706.60	3 706.60	3 557.--	7 263.60
IV	Finland				17 590.--	17 590.--
I	France				43 976.--	43 976.--
VI	Gabon ⁽¹⁾				--	--
I	Germany				43 976.--	43 976.--
V	Greece		2 360.90	2 360.90	2 239.--	4 599.90
VI	Haiti	6 447.10 ⁽⁴⁾	5 564.50	12 011.60	5 278.--	17 289.60
VI	Holy See				5 278.--	5 278.--
V	Hungary				5 927.--	5 927.--
VI	Iceland		5 564.50	5 564.50	5 278.--	10 842.50
IV	Indonesia		18 548.40	18 548.40	17 590.--	36 138.40
IV	Iran		15 396.63 ⁽⁶⁾	15 396.63	17 590.--	32 986.63
IV	Ireland				17 590.--	17 590.--
V	Israel				5 927.--	5 927.--
I	Italy				43 976.--	43 976.--
VI	Ivory Coast				3 557.--	3 557.--
II	Japan				35 183.--	35 183.--
VI	Laos				5 278.--	5 278.--
VI	Lebanon				5 278.--	5 278.--
VI	Liechtenstein				5 278.--	5 278.--
VI	Luxembourg				5 278.--	5 278.--
VI	Madagascar				5 278.--	5 278.--
III	Mexico		620.56 ⁽⁶⁾	620.56	3 557.--	3 557.--
VI	Monaco				26 386.--	27 006.56
VI	Morocco				5 278.--	5 278.--
IV	Netherlands				5 278.--	5 278.--
V	New Zealand				17 590.--	17 590.--
VI	Niger ⁽¹⁾				8 795.--	8 795.--
VI	Nigeria				--	--
IV	Norway				5 278.--	5 278.--
III	Poland	15 544.50 ⁽⁵⁾		15 544.50	17 590.--	17 590.-- ⁽²⁾
IV	Portugal				26 386.--	41 930.50
IV	Rumania				17 590.--	17 590.--
VI	Rumania				11 854.--	11 854.--
VI	San Marino				5 278.--	5 278.--
VI	Senegal				3 557.--	3 557.--
IV	South Africa				11 854.--	11 854.-- ⁽²⁾
IV	Spain		18 548.40	18 548.40	17 590.--	36 138.40
III	Sweden				26 386.--	26 386.-- ⁽²⁾
III	Switzerland				26 386.--	26 386.--
VI	Syrian Arab Republic	1 853.44 ⁽³⁾	5 564.50	7 417.94	5 278.--	12 695.94
VI	Tanzania				3 557.--	3 557.--
VI	Trinidad and Tobago				--	--
VI	Tunisia				5 278.--	5 278.--
IV	Turkey				11 854.--	11 854.--
IV	United Arab Republic				11 854.--	11 854.--
I	United Kingdom				43 976.--	43 976.--
I	United States of America				43 976.--	43 976.--
VI	Upper Volta				3 557.--	3 557.--
VI	Viet-Nam				5 278.--	5 278.--
IV	Yugoslavia				17 590.--	17 590.--
	Total	25 264.44	90 184.53	115 448.97	843 790.--	959 238.97

* Less the following credits on December 31, 1964: Lebanon: 69.88
Turkey: 1 362.20

1 432.08

957 806.89

(1) This State, having adhered to the Paris Union during the year 1964, is only required to pay contributions as from 1965. (2) This contribution has already been paid. (3) Contributions for 1962 (balance). (4) Contributions from 1958 to 1962. (5) Contributions for 1939 (balance) and 1940 to 1944 (war years). (6) Contributions for 1963 (balance). (7) Contributions for 1962.

NB. These figures include the contributions payable by virtue of Article 13(6) and (7) of the Paris Convention.

N I C E U N I O N : C O N T R I B U T I O N S T O B E R E C O V E R E D
(Swiss francs)

T A B L E C

Class	States	Contributions due for the years prior to and including 1962 still unsettled at the end of 1964	Contributions due for 1963 still unsettled at the end of 1964	Total of contributions in arrears at the end of 1964	Contributions due for 1964	Contributions to be paid during 1965
III	Australia				4 355.--	4 355.--
III	Belgium				4 355.--	4 355.--
IV	Czechoslovakia				2 904.--	2 904.--
IV	Denmark				2 904.--	2 904.--
I	France				7 259.--	7 259.--
I	Germany				7 259.--	7 259.--
V	Israel		250.20 ⁽²⁾	250.20	1 451.--	1 701.20 ⁽³⁾
I	Italy				7 259.--	7 259.--
VI	Lebanon				871.--	871.-- *
VI	Monaco				871.--	871.--
IV	Netherlands				2 904.--	2 904.--
IV	Norway				2 904.--	2 904.--
III	Poland				4 355.--	4 355.--
IV	Portugal				2 904.--	2 904.--
IV	Spain	3 226.55 ⁽¹⁾	3 232.--	6 458.55	2 904.--	9 362.55
III	Sweden				4 355.--	4 355.--
III	Switzerland				4 355.--	4 355.--
I	United Kingdom				7 259.--	7 259.--
	Total	3 226.55	3 482.20	6 708.75	71 428.--	78 136.75
	* Less the Lebanon's credit on December 31, 1964					12.36
						78 124.39

(1) Contributions for 1961 and 1962.
(2) Contributions for 1963 (balance).
(3) Arrears paid to be deducted.

BERNE UNION : CONTRIBUTIONS TO BE RECOVERED
(Swiss francs)

TABLE D

Class	States	Contributions due for the years prior to and including 1962 still unsettled at the end of 1964	Contributions due for 1963 still unsettled at the end of 1964	Total of contributions in arrears at the end of 1964	Contributions due for 1964	Contributions to be paid during 1965
III	Australia				13 187.--	13 187.--
VI	Austria				2 637.--	2 637.--
III	Belgium				13 187.--	13 187.--(6)
V	Bulgaria	46 295.70 ⁽¹⁾	167.60 ⁽⁸⁾	167.60	13 187.--	13 354.60
VI	Cameroon ⁽²⁾		2 629.60	48 925.30	2 543.--	51 468.30
II	Canada				--	--
VI	Ceylon				17 582.--	17 582.--
VI	Congo (Brazzaville)	2 763.40 ⁽³⁾	2 727.25	5 490.65	2 637.--	2 637.--(7)
VI	Congo (Leopoldville)		2 727.25	2 727.25	2 637.--	8 127.65
VI	Cyprus ⁽²⁾				2 637.--	5 364.25
IV	Czechoslovakia				--	--
VI	Dahomey	3 243.65 ⁽⁴⁾	2 727.25	5 970.90	5 086.--	5 086.--
IV	Denmark				2 637.--	8 607.90
IV	Finland				8 792.--	8 792.--
I	France				8 792.--	8 792.--
VI	Gabon	2 072.50 ⁽³⁾	2 727.25	4 799.75	21 978.--	21 978.--(7)
I	Germany				2 637.--	7 436.75
VI	Greece				21 978.--	21 978.--
VI	Holy See				1 526.--	1 526.--(7)
VI	Hungary				2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Iceland				2 637.--	2 637.--
IV	India				2 637.--	2 637.--
IV	Ireland				8 792.--	8 792.--
V	Israel				8 792.--	8 792.--
I	Italy				4 336.--	4 336.--
VI	Ivory Coast				21 978.--	21 978.--
III	Japan		2 727.25	2 727.25	2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Lebanon				13 187.--	15 914.25(6)
VI	Liechtenstein				2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Luxembourg				2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Mali	2 763.40 ⁽³⁾	2 727.25	5 490.65	2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Monaco				2 637.--	8 127.65
VI	Morocco				2 637.--	2 637.--
III	Netherlands				2 637.--	2 637.--
IV	New Zealand				13 187.--	13 187.--
VI	Niger				8 792.--	8 792.--
IV	Norway				2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Pakistan				8 792.--	8 792.--
VI	Philippines				2 637.--	2 637.--
III	Poland	141 496.20 ⁽⁵⁾	7 888.65	149 384.85	2 637.--	2 637.--
III	Portugal		7 888.65	7 888.65	7 629.--	157 013.85
V	Rumania				4 336.--	15 517.65(6)
VI	Senegal		2 727.25	2 727.25	2 637.--	5 364.25
IV	South Africa				8 792.--	8 792.--(7)
II	Spain		18 181.80	18 181.80	17 582.--	35 763.80(6)
III	Sweden				13 187.--	13 187.--(7)
III	Switzerland				13 187.--	13 187.--
VI	Thailand				2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Tunisia				2 637.--	2 637.--
VI	Turkey				2 637.--	2 637.--
I	United Kingdom				21 978.--	21 978.--
VI	Upper Volta				2 637.--	2 637.--
IV	Yugoslavia				5 086.--	5 086.--(7)
	Total	198 634.85	55 847.05	254 481.90	378 508.--	632 989.90
						34.76
						632 955.14

* Less the Lebanon's credit on December 31, 1964

(1) Contributions from 1959 to 1962. (2) This State, having adhered to the Berne Union during 1964, is only required to pay contributions as from 1965. (3) Contributions for 1962. (4) Contributions for 1961 and 1962. (5) Contributions from 1958 to 1962. (6) Arrears paid to be deducted. (7) This contribution has already been paid. (8) Contributions for 1963 (balance).

T A B L E E

S U N D R Y D E B T O R S
(Swiss francs)

Unpaid invoices	6 393.80
Advance payments for trademark registration fees. .	2 220.--
Transitional accounts:	
Expected reimbursement of taxes on various bank accounts	19 844.94
Contributions for 1963 of a Member State to the Paris and Nice Unions and balance of its share towards the Hague Union deficit announced in 1964 but actually received in January 1965	183 592.99
	192 206.79
	=====

T A B L E F

C R E D I T O R S
(Swiss francs)

Germany (Paris Union)	114 144.68
Germany (Berne Union)	81 336.--
Advance payments of trademark registration fees . .	180 187.84
Advance payments of design registration fees	535.05
Current accounts (deposits by third parties for registration fees of trademarks, designs, subscriptions to BIRPI periodicals, etc.)	202 894.02
Sundry creditors:	
(miscellaneous supplies for 1964)	26.642.33
Transitional account:	
Printing of BIRPI periodicals No. 11/1964	31 839.65
Printing of "Manual of Conventions"	6 786.--
Supplementary salaries, family allowances, pensions, and <u>ex gratia</u> pension for 1964	32 153.95
Audit of Pension Fund	2 625.--
Miscellaneous	4 655.70
	683 800.22

T A B L E G

F U N D S
(Swiss francs)

Funds to be distributed to Member States of the Madrid Union	189 000.--
Fund for the improvement of the Conference Room of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI . . .	254 008.54
	443 008.54
	=====

T A B L E H

HEADQUARTERS BUILDING OF BIRPI : INVESTMENTS
(Swiss francs)

Investments at December 31, 1963 (see Table I of the Management Report of 1963) . . .	1 863 985.74
Investments as set out in the accounts of 1964	37 308.31 *
	1 901 294.05

* Amortization of capital in 1964:	
Paris Union	17 338.16
The Hague Union	10 725.85
Berne Union	9 287.55
	37 351.56
Less reimbursement to the Nice Union (see Management Report of 1963, page 20)	43.25
Total	37 308.31

T A B L E I

HEADQUARTERS BUILDING OF BIRPI : LOAN GRANTED BY THE PENSION FUND
(Swiss francs)

Balance at December 31, 1964, of the loan granted
by the Pension Fund:

Paris Union	311 000.--
The Hague Union	193 200.--
Berne Union	166 200.--
	670 400.--
	=====

Union	Initial capital after settlement of the accounts(1)	Debt towards Pension Fund at January 1, 1964	Amortization of capital	Balance of debt at December 31, 1964
Paris	345 619.15	328 338.16	17 338.16	311 000.--
The Hague	214 658.75	203 925.85	10 725.85	193 200.--
Berne	184 723.75	175 487.55	9 287.55	166 200.--
		707 751.56	37 351.56	670 400.--
Less reimbursement to Nice Union . .		43.25	43.25	--
		707 708.31 ⁽²⁾	37 308.31 ⁽³⁾	670 400.--

(1) See Doc. CCIU/II/5, Annex III, page 24.

(2) Management Report 1963, Table J.

(3) See Table H, above.

II

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY (PARIS UNION)
(80th Year)

AND

SEPARATE AGREEMENTS

PARIS UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1964

Founded by the Paris Convention of March 20, 1883, which was brought into force on July 7, 1884, and revised at Brussels in 1900, at Washington in 1911, at The Hague in 1925, at London in 1934, and at Lisbon in 1958, the Paris Union comprises the following 64 countries:

Australia (including the Territory of Papua and the Territory under Mandate of New Guinea, the Territory of Norfolk Island and the Territory under Mandate of Nauru)	Laos
Austria	Lebanon
Belgium	Liechtenstein
Brazil	Luxembourg
Bulgaria	Madagascar
Cameroon	Mexico
Canada	Monaco
Central African Republic	Morocco
Ceylon	Netherlands (including Surinam and Netherlands Antilles)
Chad	New Zealand (including Western Samoa)
Congo (Brazzaville)	Niger
Cuba	Nigeria
Czechoslovakia	Norway
Denmark (including the Faroe Islands)	Poland
Dominican Republic	Portugal (including the Azores and Madeira)
Finland	Rumania
France (including the Departments of Guadeloupe, Guiana, Martinique and Reunion, and Overseas Territories)	San Marino
Gabon	Senegal
Germany	South Africa
Greece	Spain
Haiti	Sweden
Holy See	Switzerland
Hungary	Syrian Arab Republic
Iceland	Tanzania
Indonesia	Trinidad and Tobago
Iran	Tunisia
Ireland	Turkey
Israel	United Arab Republic
Italy	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Ivory Coast	United States of America (including Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands Eastern Samoa, Guam)
Japan	Upper Volta
	Viet-Nam
	Yugoslavia

The Convention establishing the Paris Union has been revised several times. The following list indicates, in respect of each revision ("Text") of the Convention, those States which have ratified or acceded to it. Certain States have ratified or acceded to more than one text; in this case, only the most recent text which each State has ratified or acceded to is indicated in the list.

Washington Text of 1911: Bulgaria. (1 State)

The Hague Text of 1925: Brazil, Dominican Republic, Poland, Yugoslavia. (4 States)

London Text of 1934: Australia⁽¹⁾, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Ceylon, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Portugal, San Marino, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic, Viet-Nam. (32 States)

Lisbon Text of 1958: Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, Gabon, Germany⁽²⁾, Haiti, Iran, Ivory Coast, Laos, Madagascar, Mexico, Monaco, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Rumania, Senegal, Switzerland, Tanzania, Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Upper Volta. (27 States)

(1) The Territory under Mandate of Nauru is still bound by the text of The Hague (1925).

(2) Ratification by the Federal Republic of Germany.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

New Members.- During 1964, the following States became members of the Paris Union and are bound by the Lisbon Text of 1958 by virtue of accession which took effect from the dates appearing after their names in the list below:

Cameroon ...	May 10, 1964	(see <u>Industrial Property</u> , 1964, page 66)
Gabon...	February 29, 1964	(" " " " 23)
Niger	July 5, 1964	(" " " " 118)
Trinidad and Tobago..	August 1, 1964	(" " " " 139)

These new members brought the total membership of the Paris Union to 64 on December 31, 1964.

Ratifications and Accessions to the Lisbon Text by Old Members.- In 1964, Mexico and Norway notified their accession to the Lisbon Text of 1958 with effect from May 10, 1964 (see Industrial Property, 1964, page 66).

PERIODICAL REVIEWS:

"LA PROPRIETE INDUSTRIELLE" AND "INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY"

Twelve monthly issues of La Propriété industrielle and Industrial Property were published in 1964, with identical contents. The total number of pages was 288 in the French version and 280 in the English version.

Apart from the communications concerning the deposit of instruments of ratification and accession in respect of the Paris Convention and the separate Agreements, the following material was published, inter alia:

- under the heading "Legislation", laws from three Member States of the Union (Ireland, Italy, South Africa);
- general studies in the form of "Letters" concerning Argentina, Belgium, France, Hungary, Switzerland and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

- under the heading "Conventions and Treaties", the text of the Convention on the Unification of Certain Points of Substantive Law on Patents for Invention, signed under the auspices of the Council of Europe in Strasbourg on November 27, 1963;
- under the heading "Congresses and Meetings", reports on the Congress of the International League against Unfair Competition (Stresa, May 1963); the IVth Meeting of the Committee of Experts on the International Protection of Type Faces (Geneva, October 1963) and the First General Assembly of the Inter-American Association of Industrial Property (ASIPI) (Acapulco and Mexico City, April 1964);
- under the heading "Statistics", data from Member States of the Paris Union concerning the number of patents applied for and granted, the number of designs deposited and registered, and the number of trademarks filed and registered in 1963; for the first time, these statistics differentiate between applications, deposits, grants and registrations effected and issued in each country in respect of nationals of the country and foreigners;
- under the heading "International Union", a report on the mission of a BIRPI delegation to the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the text of the working agreement between BIRPI and the United Nations, signed on September 28 and October 2, 1964.

During 1964, the average number printed of the French edition of the review was 1,610 copies, and the average of the English edition, 1,080 copies distributed as follows:

	<u>La Propriété industrielle</u>		<u>Industrial Property</u>	
	Ordinary edition	Printed on one side only	Ordinary edition	Printed on one side only
Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	260		227	2
Copies distributed free of charge	52		18	
Copies for exchange purposes	72		20	
Copies to paying subscribers	807	44	528	67
Reserve in stock	419	55	287	80

BIRPI MEETINGS

Conference of Representatives of the Paris Union.- The first session of this Conference was held at Geneva, from September 30 to October 2, 1964. All States Members of the Paris Union had been invited to attend. The Conference took formal note of the fact that, as a result of its own establishment, the Consultative Committee of the Paris Union (set up by a Resolution adopted at the Lisbon Conference in 1958) had ceased to exist. The Conference adopted its Rules of Procedure, elected the members of its Executive Committee, and examined the programme and budget of BIRPI on account of the Paris Union for the three-year period from 1965 to 1967.

Study Group on Inventors' Certificates.- At the instance of the Director of BIRPI, a Study Group to examine the question of inventors' certificates in relation to the Paris Convention met at the headquarters of BIRPI, from January 27 to 30, 1964. The Study Group was composed of experts appointed by the Governments of ten Member States of the Paris Union and observers from the Soviet Union.

Congress of Bogotá on Industrial Property for Latin America.- This Congress, convened and organized by the Government of the Republic of Colombia, under the auspices of BIRPI, was held from July 6 to 11, 1964. It discussed industrial property questions of special interest to Latin-American countries, both at the level of their national legislation and at the level of the Paris Convention. Delegates of nineteen Latin-American countries participated in the Congress and observers included representatives of six Member States of the Paris Union outside Latin America, the United Nations, and six other international organizations,

International Committee of Novelty-Examining Patent Offices.- The first session of this Committee was held at the headquarters of BIRPI on October 5 and 6, 1964. Nineteen States Members of the Paris Union were represented; observers from four non-member States and five international organizations also attended. The following topics were discussed: abandonment of inventions to the public by an international publication of patent applications where the grant of a patent is no longer required; industrial property statistics; certain questions in regard to patent office practice; index of corresponding patent applications and corresponding patents.

Committee of Experts to Study a Draft Model Law on Patents.— The Committee of Experts to Study Industrial Property Problems of Industrially Less Developed Countries, which met at Geneva in October 1963, had recommended that BIRPI should undertake to prepare a draft model law for the protection of inventions and technical improvements (see Industrial Property, 1963, page 234). A draft model law and a commentary were accordingly prepared by BIRPI and submitted to a Committee of Experts which met in Geneva, at the invitation of BIRPI, from October 19 to 23, 1964. Representatives of twenty-two developing countries attended the meeting, together with observers from the United Nations and other intergovernmental and non-governmental international organizations. The Committee examined the draft model law, article by article, and expressed its views on possible improvements in both the draft model law and the commentary. The revised texts will be available in 1965.

OTHER ACTIVITIES OF BIRPI

United Nations

During 1964, BIRPI continued its collaboration with the United Nations Secretariat in the field of industrial property. Towards the end of 1963, the Secretary-General of the United Nations had published his Report on the "Role of Patents in the Transfer of Technology to Developing Countries", with the preparation of which BIRPI had been closely associated.

In 1964, this Report was laid before various United Nations bodies and conferences before reaching its ultimate goal in the General Assembly.

The Report was examined in New York by the Third Preparatory Commission for the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and subsequently by UNCTAD itself at its meeting in Geneva, from March 23 to June 16, 1964. At both these meetings, BIRPI was represented by observers. At the latter, BIRPI prepared and had circulated, as a conference document, a note on the "Role of Patents in the Transfer of Technology to Developing Countries", and the Third Committee, on whose agenda this item appeared, was addressed by the Director of BIRPI. The Conference subsequently adopted without opposition a recommendation

advocating, inter alia, that "competent international bodies, including United Nations bodies and the Bureau of the International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property, should explore possibilities for adaptation of legislation concerning the transfer of industrial technology to developing countries....".

BIRPI was also invited to be represented by observers at the 37th Session of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations in Geneva in July 1964, when the United Nations Report on Patents was again considered. The representatives of BIRPI addressed the Economic Committee. The Council adopted a Resolution inviting the Secretary-General of the United Nations to make arrangements for the reciprocal exchange of information and documentation, and provision for reciprocal representation at meetings, between the competent international bodies, including United Nations bodies and the Bureau of the International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property.

This Resolution was one of the factors which led to the conclusion of a working agreement between BIRPI and the United Nations. The formal terms of this agreement are contained in an exchange of letters (dated September 28 and October 2, 1964) between the two Secretariats. The agreement provides, among other things, for mutual representation, in the capacity of observer, at meetings dealing with industrial property matters.

Meetings of other Organizations

Among the meetings at which BIRPI was represented in 1964 were the following:

Council of Europe (Committee of Experts on Patents, May 4 to 8, and December 8 to 11); Committee for International Cooperation in Information Retrieval among Examining Patent Offices (ICIREPAT, October 8 to 15); Inter-American Association of Industrial Property (Constitutive Assembly); International Association for the Protection of Industrial Property (Executive Committee, September 3 to 18); International Chamber of Commerce (Industrial Property Commission, March 20 and September 10 and 11); International Federation of Patent Agents (Congress, October 9).

BIRPI Training Programme

With the help and cooperation of various national industrial property offices, BIRPI granted during 1964, under its technical assistance programme, training fellowships to eight Government officials of developing countries who are working or expect to work in the industrial property offices of their own countries.

BIRPI Mission to the Soviet Union

In response to an invitation from the USSR State Committee for Inventions and Discoveries, the Director and one of the Deputy Directors visited Moscow, from June 1 to 3, 1964.

Manual of Conventions

During 1964, BIRPI published the "Manual of Industrial Property Conventions" in three languages: English, French and Spanish. Each edition contains the several texts of the Paris Convention and of the Separate Agreements. Following each text are lists indicating the countries bound by the text and the dates on which they ratified or acceded to it. These Manuals are loose-leaf volumes which will be kept up to date and may be ordered from BIRPI.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1964

	Swiss francs
<u>Expenditure</u> (for details; see page 11 above)	960,273.95
<u>Receipts</u> (for details, see page 10 above)	
Publications	86,381.10
Miscellaneous	19,106.83
Interest	10,996.02
Total receipts (excluding contributions)	116,483.95
<u>Difference</u>	843,790.--

This difference will be covered by the contributions of the Member States which will be recovered in accordance with the following tables:

NUMBER OF UNITS

Each Member State's contribution is determined on the basis of Article 13 (8) of the London and Lisbon texts of the Paris Convention and the memoranda of the Swiss Government dated February 7, 1959, and February 26, 1963.

Class	Number of Units per Class	Number of States belonging to each Class	Product of the two Numbers
I	25	5 (a)	125
II	20	2 (b)	40
III	15	7 (c)	105
IV	10	15 (d)	150
V	5	5 (e)	25
VI	3	26 (f)	78
		Total: 60	Total: 523

- (a) France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.
- (b) Canada, Japan.
- (c) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Mexico, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (d) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Rumania, South Africa, Spain, Turkey, United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia.
- (e) Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Israel, New Zealand.
- (f) Austria, Chad, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Cuba, Dominican Republic, Haiti, Holy See, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Laos, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Monaco, Morocco, Nigeria, Senegal, San Marino, Syrian Arab Republic, Tanzania, Tunisia, Upper Volta, Viet-Nam.

N.B. The following four States became members of the Paris Union during 1964 and will not start to pay contributions until 1965: Cameroon, Gabon, Niger, Trinidad and Tobago.

ORDINARY CONTRIBUTIONS
(Article 13 (6) of the Paris Convention)

Basis of contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
214 200	I	-	-	-
	II	-	-	-
	III	-	-	-
	IV	-	-	-
	V	2 048 (a)	2 (aa)	4 096
	VI	-	-	-
600 000	I	-	-	-
	II	22 944 (b)	1 (bb)	22 944
	III	-	-	-
	IV	11 472 (c)	5 (cc)	57 360
	V	5 736 (d)	2 (dd)	11 472
	VI	3 442 (e)	10 (ee)	34 420
900 000	I	43 021 (f)	5 (ff)	215 105
	II	34 417 (g)	1 (gg)	34 417
	III	25 812 (h)	7 (hh)	180 684
	IV	17 208 (i)	10 (ii)	172 080
	V	8 604 (j)	1 (jj)	8 604
	VI	5 163 (k)	16 (kk)	82 608
	Total		60	823 790

(a) $\frac{214\,200}{523} \times 5$

(b) to (e) Amounts calculated on basis of Swiss Government's memorandum of February 7, 1959:

(b) $\frac{600\,000}{523} \times 20$

(c) $\frac{600\,000}{523} \times 10$

(d) $\frac{600\,000}{523} \times 5$

(e) $\frac{600\,000}{523} \times 3$

(f) to (k) Amounts calculated on basis of Swiss Government's memorandum of February 26, 1963:

(f) $\frac{900\,000}{523} \times 25$

(g) $\frac{900\,000}{523} \times 20$

(h) $\frac{900\,000}{523} \times 15$

(i) $\frac{900\,000}{523} \times 10$

(j) $\frac{900\,000}{523} \times 5$

(k) $\frac{900\,000}{523} \times 3$

(aa) Bulgaria, Greece.

(bb) Canada.

(cc) Czechoslovakia, Rumania, South Africa, Turkey, United Arab Republic.

(dd) Hungary, Israel.

(ee) Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville) Dominican Republic, Ivory Coast, Madagascar, Senegal, Tanzania, Upper Volta.

(ff) France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

(gg) Japan.

(hh) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Mexico, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.

(ii) Denmark, Finland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Yugoslavia.

(jj) New Zealand.

(kk) Austria, Cuba, Haiti, Holy See, Iceland, Laos, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Monaco, Morocco, Nigeria, San Marino, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Viet-Nam.

NB. Communications relating to acceptance of the ceilings of 600,000 or 900,000 francs reaching BIRPI after January 1, 1965; will not be taken into consideration until the calculation of the contributions for 1965.

EXTRAORDINARY CONTRIBUTIONS
(Article 13 (7) of the Paris Convention)

Basis of contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
20 000	I	955 (a)	5 (aa)	4 775
	II	766 (b)	2 (bb)	1 532
	III	574 (c)	7 (cc)	4 018
	IV	382 (d)	15 (dd)	5 730
	V	191 (e)	5 (ee)	955
	VI	115 (f)	26 (ff)	2 990
		Total . . .	60	20 000

(a) $\frac{20\ 000}{523} \times 25$

(b) $\frac{20\ 000}{523} \times 20$

(c) $\frac{20\ 000}{523} \times 15$

(d) $\frac{20\ 000}{523} \times 10$

(e) $\frac{20\ 000}{523} \times 5$

(f) $\frac{20\ 000}{523} \times 3$

(aa) France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

(bb) Canada, Japan.

(cc) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Mexico, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.

(dd) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Rumania, South Africa, Spain, Turkey, United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia.

(ee) Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Israel, New Zealand.

(ff) Austria, Chad, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Cuba, Dominican Republic, Haiti, Holy See, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Laos, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Monaco, Morocco, Nigeria, Senegal, San Marino, Syrian Arab Republic, Tanzania, Tunisia, Upper Volta, Viet-Nam.

MADRID AGREEMENT FOR THE PREVENTION
OF FALSE OR MISLEADING INDICATIONS OF SOURCE

CONTRACTING STATES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1964

The Madrid Agreement of April 14, 1891, which came into force on July 15, 1892, and was revised at Washington in 1911, at The Hague in 1925, at London in 1934, and at Lisbon in 1958, comprises the following 29 countries:

Brazil	Monaco
Ceylon	Morocco
Cuba	New Zealand (including Western Samoa)
Czechoslovakia	Poland
Dominican Republic	Portugal (including the Azores and Madeira)
France (including the Departments of Guadeloupe, Guiana, Martinique and Reunion, and Overseas Territories)	San Marino
Germany	Spain
Hungary	Sweden
Ireland	Switzerland
Israel	Syrian Arab Republic
Italy	Tunisia
Japan	Turkey
Lebanon	United Arab Republic
Liechtenstein	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
	Viet-Nam

The Agreement has been revised several times. The following list indicates, in respect of each revision ("Text") of the Agreement, those States which have ratified or acceded to it. Certain States have ratified or acceded to more than one text; in this case, only the most recent text which each State has ratified or acceded to is indicated in the list.

The Hague Text of 1925: Brazil, Dominican Republic,
Poland. (3 States)

London Text of 1934: Ceylon, Hungary, Ireland,
Israel, Italy, Japan, Lebanon, Liechten-
stein, Morocco, New Zealand, Portugal,
San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Syrian Arab
Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab
Republic, Viet-Nam. (19 States)

Lisbon Text of 1958: Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France,
Germany⁽¹⁾, Monaco, Switzerland, United
Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern
Ireland. (7 States)

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE AGREEMENT

There were no further accessions to this Agreement
in 1964.

Cuba, which had formerly been bound by the Washington
Text of 1911, acceded to the Texts of The Hague (1925),
London (1934), and Lisbon (1958), with effect from
October 11, 1964 (see Industrial Property, 1964, page 187).

(1) Ratification by the Federal Republic of Germany.

MADRID UNION
· CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION OF TRADEMARKS

· MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1964

Founded by the Madrid Agreement of April 14, 1891, which came into force on July 15, 1892, and was revised at Brussels in 1900, at Washington in 1911, at The Hague in 1925, at London in 1934, and at Nice in 1957, this restricted Union comprises the following 21 countries:

Austria	Morocco
Belgium	Netherlands
Czechoslovakia	Portugal (including the Azores and Madeira)
France (including the Depart- ments of Guadeloupe, Guiana, Martinique and Reunion, and Overseas Territories)	Rumania
Germany	San Marino
Hungary	Spain
Italy	Switzerland
Liechtenstein	Tunisia
Luxembourg	United Arab Republic
Monaco	Viet-Nam
	Yugoslavia

Of these 21 countries, two (Czechoslovakia and Yugo-
slavia) are bound by the Hague Text of 1925; the other 19
countries are bound by the London Text of 1934.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

Nice Text of 1957.

During 1964, Luxembourg and the Federal Republic of
Germany (including Land Berlin) ratified the Nice Text
of 1957 (see Industrial Property, 1964, pages 187 and 254).

Also in 1964, the Swiss Government communicated to
Member States a declaration sent to it through the inter-
mediary of the Embassy of the Czechoslovak Socialist
Republic to the effect that "the Council of State of the
German Democratic Republic [had] examined and approved....

the Madrid Agreement of April 14, 1891, revised at Nice on June 15, 1957....." (see Industrial Property, 1964, page 254).

According to the terms of Article 12 (2) of the Nice Text, twelve ratifications or accessions at least are required for it to come into force.

At the end of 1963, there were ten ratifications or accessions.

The conditions of Article 12 (2) above having been fulfilled on December 15, 1964, the Nice Text will come into force on December 15, 1966 (see Industrial Property, 1964, page 254).

Seven States availed themselves of the right of territorial limitation provided for in Article 3 bis of the Agreement: Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Luxembourg, Monaco, Netherlands, Portugal and Spain. In addition, one State - Spain - took advantage of the possibility of denouncing the previous texts, as provided in Article 12 (4) of the Nice Text. However, this denunciation will not be effective until the Nice Text comes into force (December 15, 1966).

PERIODICAL REVIEW: "LES MARQUES INTERNATIONALES"

In the course of 1964, BIRPI published in its review "Les Marques Internationales" the registration of 14,423 marks. It also published the operations notified during the year which affect the status in the Contracting States of international trademarks in force. The twelve monthly issues totalled 2,710 printed pages, without counting the annual index. The number printed was 2,815 copies per month, distributed as follows:

	Ordinary edition	Printed on one side only.
Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	1618	90
Copies distributed free of charge...	8	-
Copies for exchange purposes	19	-
Copies for paying subscribers	765	65
Reserve in stock	240	10

NUMBER OF INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATIONS OF TRADEMARKS FROM 1893 TO 1964

Annual Totals

Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations
1893	76	1908	908	1923	5 258	1938	2 800	1953	7 572
1894	231	1909	1 302	1924	5 487	1939	2 476	1954	8 069
1895	229	1910	1 409	1925	5 387	1940	1 951	1955	7 955
1896	304	1911	1 517	1926	4 588	1941	2 913	1956	7 909
1897	409	1912	1 553	1927	5 255	1942	3 551	1957	8 501
1898	451	1913	1 934	1928	5 976	1943	5 612	1958	9 873
1899	323	1914	1 394	1929	5 917	1944	4 502	1959	11 296
1900	368	1915	658	1930	5 760	1945	3 682	1960	11 662
1901	369	1916	850	1931	4 482	1946	4 560	1961	12 079
1902	435	1917	880	1932	3 946	1947	4 616	1962	12 872
1903	577	1918	987	1933	3 550	1948	5 981	1963	14 193
1904	547	1919	1 575	1934	3 453	1949	4 801	1964	14 423
1905	691	1920	2 284	1935	2 822	1950	6 309		
1906	749	1921	2 562	1936	3 204	1951	7 569		
1907	789	1922	2 653	1937	2 905	1952	7 552		

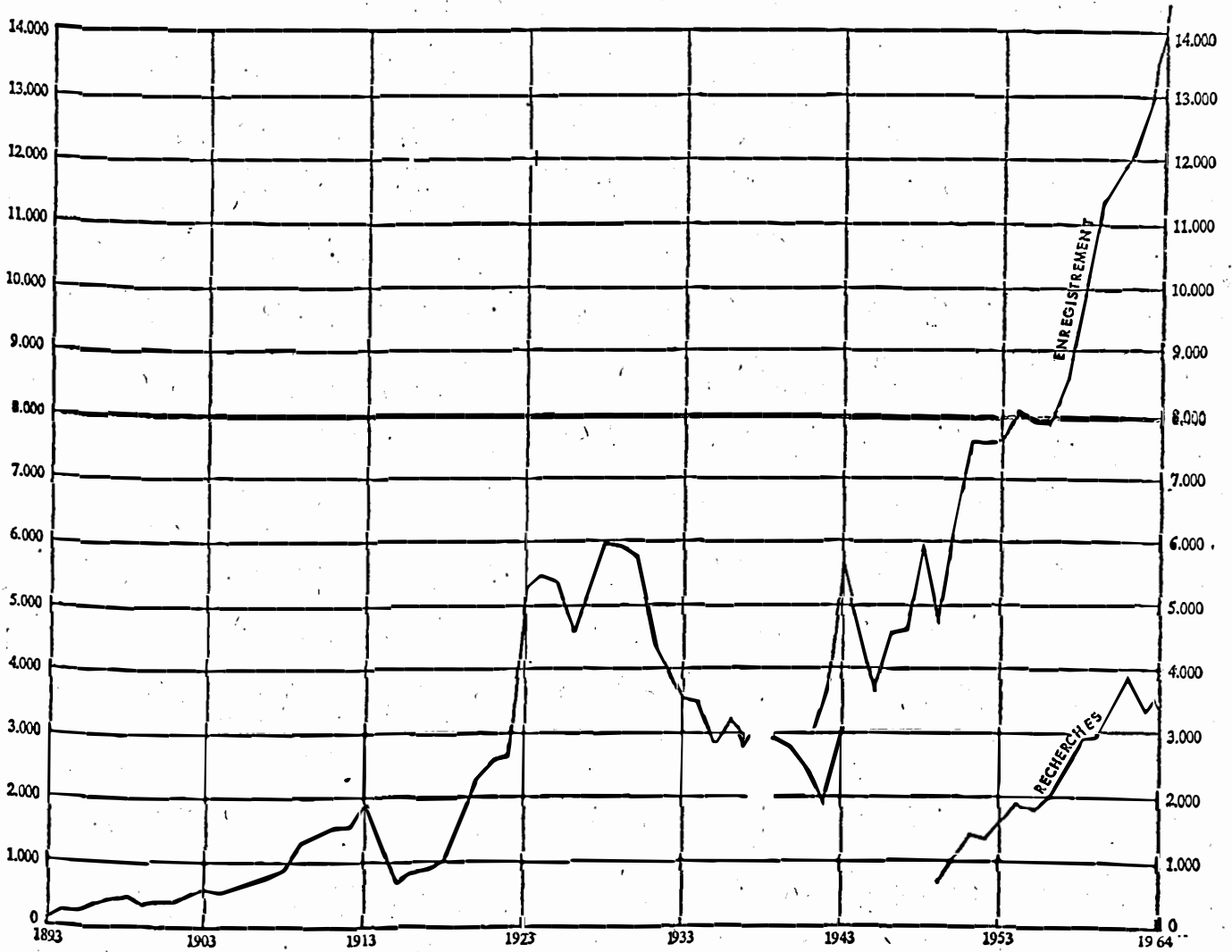
NUMBER OF SEARCHES FOR ANTICIPATION EFFECTED FROM 1949 TO 1964

Annual Totals

Year	Searches	Year	Searches	Year	Searches	Year	Searches	Year	Searches
1949	677	1952	1 350	1955	1 764	1958	2 923	1961	3 885
1950	1 031	1953	1 631	1956	1 958	1959	2 946	1962	3 391
1951	1 456	1954	1 937	1957	2 467	1960	3 445	1963	3 498
								1964	3 419

Graph of the Results of the Two Previous Tables

(Registrations and Searches)



STATISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL TRADEMARKS FROM COMMENCEMENT (1893) TO 1964

I. REGISTERED TRADEMARKS

Origin of filings	1893 to 1954 (62 years)	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	Total
Austria	9 374	329	341	302	334	326	368	373	444	558	478	13 287
Belgium	8 925	367	309	431	453	795	567	740	876	659	809	14 931
Brazil(1)	205	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	205
Cuba(2)	162	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	162
Czechoslovakia	6 852	102	104	170	188	160	116	161	223	220	193	8 489
Danzig(3)	56	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	56
France	55 871	1 629	1 463	1 891	2 383	2 593	2 643	2 640	3 082	3 060	2 956	80 211
Germany	30 228	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" A	12 375	2 628	2 370	2 137	2 520	3 104	3 227	2 963	3 186	4 209	4 268	76 632
" B ** . . . . .	.	.	374	704	473	526	428	323	156	170	263	
Hungary	1 897	24	24	65	83	50	22	44	35	39	30	2 313
Italy	7 580	523	638	548	880	872	976	1 226	1 204	981	1 189	16 617
Liechtenstein	159	107	59	76	27	56	90	83	86	115	113	971
Luxembourg	393	17	16	23	21	17	30	19	22	32	49	639
Mexico(4)	139	.	.	10	24	46	37	63	23	21	53	139
Monaco . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	277
Morocco { former French zone former Spanish zone Province of Tangier	633	50	47	37	32	37	21	20	40	27	21	1 114
	.	26	37	21	31	16	4	-	5	5	4	
Netherlands	15 380	760	723	657	785	876	1 056	1 132	1 053	1 149	1 168	24 739
Portugal	1 840	75	53	71	46	66	44	48	64	72	53	2 432
Rumania	71	.	.	.	.	3	27	13	56	173	96	439
San Marino . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	-(7)	.	-(7)	.
Spain	6 226	214	226	173	218	313	287	462	519	656	662	9 956
Switzerland	22 954	1 073	1 113	1 182	1 303	1 430	1 708	1 745	1 787	2 005	2 000	38 300
Tunisia	148	6	4	1	4	6	5	3	2	.	.	180
Turkey(5)	132	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	136
UAR	19	19	3	1	5	2	4	13	1	1	7	75
Viet-Nam . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
Yugoslavia	200	4	3	1	3	1	2	8	8	41	10	281
Latvia(6)	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Total	181 820	7 955	7 909	8 501	9 873	11 296	11 662	12 079	12 872	14 193	14 423	232 583

Note: The 14,423 trademark registrations effected in 1964 by BIRPI correspond to 287,985 individual filings which would have had to be made directly in the various countries. This latter figure is reached by multiplying 14, 423 by 20 (the number of Member States at the close of 1964, minus the country of origin, without counting colonies), and deducting from this total the 494 total immediate renunciations relating to a specific country.

The filings effected through BIRPI over a period of 72 years (1893 to 1964) are the approximate equivalent of 5,738,435 filings which would have had to be made directly in the contracting countries.

- (1) Brazil which became a Member of the Restricted Union in 1896 withdrew with effect from December 8, 1934.
- (2) Cuba which became a Member of the Restricted Union in 1905 withdrew with effect from April 22, 1932.
- (3) As a result of its attachment to Poland, Danzig ceased to be a Member of the Union established by the Madrid Agreement.
- (4) Mexico which became a Member of the Restricted Union in 1909 withdrew with effect from March 10, 1943.
- (5) Turkey which became a Member of the Restricted Union in 1925 withdrew with effect from September 10, 1956.
- (6) Latvia which became a Member of the Restricted Union in 1925 withdrew with effect from 1926.
- (7) Two marks belong to nationals of San Marino domiciled in that Republic have been registered at the request of the Italian Administration in compliance with the Treaty of Friendship between Italy and the Republic of San Marino.

A = Federal Republic of Germany.

** B = East Germany or German Democratic Republic (BIRPI has adopted no stand as regards the legal status of this Zone or State).

II. REFUSALS (1)

Refusing country	1893 to 1954 (62 years)	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	Total
Austria	15 383	864	1 156	1 390	1 914	1 970	2 449	1 762	1 820	2 262	1 943	32 913
Belgium	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70
Brazil (withdrawn)	4 525	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4 525
Cuba (withdrawn)	14 863	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	14 863
Czechoslovakia	13 928	427	547	522	658	1 402	1 376	1 250	1 530	2 019	2 068	25 727
Danzig	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10
France	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83
Germany	34 926	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
" A *	11 707	3 179	3 294	3 793	3 803	3 481	6 843	5 584	5 897	7 177	6 541	108 550
" B ** . . . . .	.	.	285	450	644	977	1 078	1 391	2 282	2 429	2 789	
Hungary	13 381	527	468	435	516	952	1 282	1 114	832	1 300	1 640	22 447
Italy	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Liechtenstein	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Luxembourg	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Mexico (withdrawn)	4 716	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4 716
Monaco . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Morocco { former French zone	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
{ Province of Tangier	6	2	1	1	11	5	-	1	4	5	4	
Netherlands	84 698	2 853	2 975	2 651	2 757	1 972	4 344	5 111	5 507	5 460	5 716	124 044
Portugal	9 699	1 010	1 007	1 162	1 856	1 568	1 561	1 953	1 449	1 412	1 567	24 244
Rumania	23	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	25
San Marinc . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Spain	22 729	4 425	3 461	3 921	5 744	6 147	7 331	6 937	9 638	11 391	10 465	92 189
Switzerland	8 686	442	285	272	282	423	346	442	307	521	402	12 408
Tunisia	36	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	39
Turkey (withdrawn)	94	2	1	-	-	.	.	.	.	.	.	97
UAR	217	37	38	25	48	35	62	69	33	64	60	688
Viet-Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yugoslavia	2 779	5	1	8	2	3	43	-	110	151	106	3 208
Latvia (withdrawn)	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Total	242 648	13 773	13 519	14 631	18 235	18 936	26 718	25 615	29 409	34 191	33 301	470 976

(1) During the year 1964 BIRPI received communications, regarding a total of 23,371 trademarks, of decisions establishing confirmation, cancellation or amendment of their initial notification or refusal. These notifications are not shown in the above table.

* A = Federal Republic of Germany.

** B = East Germany or German Democratic Republic (BIRPI has adopted no stand as regards the legal status of this Zone or State).

ADMINISTRATION

Trademarks registered in 1964 numbered 14,423 (14,193 in 1963; see Table No. I above).

Out of these 14,423 trademarks, 2,342 were only registered for a period of protection of 10 years, the applicants having made use of the possibility provided in Article 8 of the Agreement which enables them to pay only part of the international fee.

Out of the 1,393 trademarks registered in 1954, for which the fee paid at the time of filing covered only a period of protection of 10 years, the supplementary payment to cover maintenance of the registration for the full period of 20 years was made in the case of 953 marks.

Applications for registering one or more previous international registrations about to expire numbered 2,264 (i.e., 16% of the 14,423 registrations).

There were 33,301 notifications of total or partial refusals and of qualified acceptance (acceptance with a specified priority). There were 23,371 "sequels to refusals", i.e., notifications establishing confirmation, amendment or cancellation of the initial decision. Table No. II above indicates the country of origin and the number of these refusals.

In the course of 1964, BIRPI recorded 2,153 assignments (1,153 in 1963) and 4,172 "miscellaneous operations" (2,806 in 1963), the latter term being applied to limitations on the list of products for all contracting countries; changes in firms, domicile or address; corrections and all other changes which may affect the status of an international trademark for all contracting countries.

There were 801 cancellations of trademarks for the contracting countries of the Madrid Union as a whole. Of these cancellations, 417 took place as a result of renunciation, 3 following an assignment to persons not entitled to deposit international trademarks, 381 following failure to pay the supplementary fee for maintaining registration for 20 years, and 9 for other reasons. BIRPI also recorded the cancellation of 333 national registrations which had served as a basis for the same number of international registrations. These cancellations did not, however, entail cancellation of the corresponding international registrations (a note to that effect was published in the Management Report of the year 1952, page 12).

There were 3,455 total or partial renunciations of protection in one or more of the contracting countries - but not in all. Of these, 1,753 were "simultaneous renunciations" which were notified to BIRPI simultaneously with the application for international registration.

Total or partial invalidation decisions affected some 153 trademarks (137 in 1963). These decisions were of an administrative nature in the case of 139 trademarks and of a judicial nature for 14.

Searches for anticipation numbered 3,420 in respect of word marks and 98 in respect of figure marks. Searches concerning the ownership of trademarks numbered 57.

BIRPI issued 4,678 "extracts" (certificates of registration) referring to 5,115 trademarks.

In the course of 1964, the Trademarks Service of BIRPI received and despatched 90,745 letters, circulars, etc.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1964

Swiss francs

Receipts: (for details, see page 10 above).... 2,210,251.93

Expenditure:

Expenses for 1964, according to details given on page 11 above (before transfer to reserve fund) 1,930,119.24

Distribution to Member States of the Madrid Union, in accordance with Table M below 189,000.--

Total expenditure (without reserve fund) 2,119,119.24

= =====

This difference is transferred to the Union of Madrid's reserve fund. The latter fund amounted to 1,419,976.26 francs on January 1, 1965.

TABLE M

DISTRIBUTION TO MEMBER STATES OF THE MADRID UNION

	Swiss francs
Distribution of two-thirds of the surplus (280,132.69) of receipts for the year 1964 (2,210,251.93) as compared with expenditure for the year 1964 (1,930,119.24), in accordance with the decision of the Committee of Directors of National Industrial Property Offices of Member States of the Madrid Union, taken at Geneva on November 29, 1963 (two-thirds of 280,132.69)(1)	189,000.--(2) =====

(1) 9,000 francs for each of the 21 Member States of the Madrid Union (Austria, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Monaco, Morocco, Netherlands, Portugal, Rumania, San Marino, Spain, Switzerland, Tunisia, United Arab Republic, Viet-Nam, Yugoslavia).

(2) Two-thirds of 280,132.69 francs equals 186,755.12 francs. To facilitate the distribution of the even sum of 9,000 francs to each of the Member States, the two-thirds was rounded off to 189,000 francs.

THE HAGUE UNION FOR THE INTERNATIONAL DEPOSIT
OF INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1964

Founded by the Hague Agreement of November 6, 1925, which came into force on June 1, 1928, and was revised at London in 1934 and at The Hague in 1960, and being provided with an Additional Act at Monaco in 1961, this restricted Union comprises the following 14 countries:

Belgium	Morocco
France (including the Departments of Guadeloupe, Guiana, Martinique and Reunion, and Overseas Territories)	Netherlands (including Surinam and Netherlands Antilles)
	Spain
Germany	Switzerland
Holy See	Tunisia
Indonesia	United Arab Republic
Liechtenstein	Viet-Nam
Monaco	

The fourteen Member States are all bound by the London Text of 1934, but France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Monaco, the Netherlands and Switzerland are also bound by the Additional Act of Monaco of 1961.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

The Additional Act of Monaco of November 18, 1961, was ratified in 1964 by Belgium, with effect from November 13, 1964 (see Industrial Property, 1964, page 208).

The Hague Text of November 28, 1960, was ratified by France in 1962 and by Switzerland in 1963. Failing the required number of ratifications, this Text is not yet in force.

PERIODICAL REVIEW: "LES DESSINS ET MODELES INTERNATIONAUX"

During 1964, twelve monthly issues totalling 278 pages were published. The number printed was 250 copies per month, distributed as follows:

Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	94
Copies distributed free of charge.	9
Copies for exchange purposes	3
Copies for paying subscribers.	120
Reserve in stock	24

MEETING

A Committee of Experts for the international classification of industrial designs met in Geneva from October 12 to 16, 1964. This Committee, which was composed of experts designated by the Administrations of 13 countries (Austria, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom and United States of America), undertook to prepare a draft international classification of industrial designs, in response to the Resolution adopted to that end by the Diplomatic Conference of The Hague on November 28, 1960. The draft, which includes 32 classes, divided into subclasses according to requirements, was submitted to all Member States of the Paris Union, which were invited to express their opinions on it (see Industrial Property, pages 255 to 261).

STATISTICS OF THE INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS SERVICE
FROM THE COMMENCEMENT (1928) TO 1964

Number, Type of Deposits; Number of Objects

Year	Deposits Registered	Open Deposits	Sealed Deposits	Single Deposits	Multiple Deposits	No of Objects contained in Deposits	Deposits Prolonged
1928 to 1954	17 852	6 915	10 937	7 652	10 200	805 801	3 202
1955	1 257	565	692	618	639	29 317	261
1956	1 294	537	757	632	662	26 284	277
1957	1 392	681	711	704	688	25 540	316
1958	1 744	797	947	861	883	29 871	404
1959	1 959	987	972	912	1 047	33 653	486
1960	2 017	931	1 086	1 044	973	31 663	616
1961	2 125	948	1 177	1 177	948	31 182	499
1962	2 385	1 043	1 342	1 383	1 002	28 058	580
1963	2 158	1 054	1 104	1 262	896	24 813	767
1964	2 113	1 097	1 016	1 155	958	34 056	684
Total	36 296	15 555	20 741	17 400	18 896	1 100 238	8 052

NUMBER AND ORIGIN OF THE REGISTERED AND PROLONGED DEPOSITS

Country of origin of Deposits	Registered Deposits												Deposits Prolonged	
	1928 to 1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	Total	1964	Total
Belgium	857	65	68	80	87	104	98	109	103	104	114 ¹	1 789	43 ²	467
France	3 645	281	278	331	387	474	450	437	481	472	573	7 809	203	2 280
Germany	1 684	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1 684	.	483
" A*	510	162	195	211	227	313	470	532	545	550	525	4 240	122	989
" B**	-	.	3	1	5	6	15	9	1	1	5	46	1	3
Holy See . . . . .	-	.	.	.	.	.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liechtenstein	29	5	18	11	12	10	16	14	13	29	27	184	7	50
Monaco	-	.	2	2	10	2	7	7	14	8	9	61	-	7
Morocco	31	8	10	8	8	10	2	4	4	10	1	96	2	45
Netherlands	368	20	8	30	39	56	60	55	35	45	49	765	29	185
Spain	86	16	7	4	56	34	33	38	28	34	18	354	34	130
Switzerland	10 639	698	703	709	913	948	865	920	1 161	905	791	19 252	243	3 448
Tunisia	2	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	7	-	1
United Arab Republic . .	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	4
Viet-Nam	-	.	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Total	17 852	1 257	1 294	1 392	1 744	1 959	2 017	2 125	2 385	2 158	2 113	36 296	684	8 092

* A = Federal Republic of Germany
 ** B = East Germany or German Democratic Republic (BIRPI has adopted no stand as regards the legal status of this Zone or State).

¹ 12 of these registrations effected after entry into force of the Additional Act for Belgium.

² 10 of these prolongations effected after entry into force of the Additional Act for Belgium.

ADMINISTRATION

In the course of 1964, 99 assignments of international deposits or other operations related thereto were recorded.

255 certificates of registration (extracts) and other identification certificates were issued.

122 deposits were consulted; 860 reproductions of objects deposited were provided; and 61 searches were carried out in the index of depositors.

In the course of 1964, the Designs Service received and despatched 5,409 letters, circulars, etc.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1964

	Swiss francs
<u>Expenditure:</u> (for details, see page 11 above)	200,285.98
 <u>Receipts:</u>	
Receipts for the year 1964, according to the details given on page 10 above (excluding the advance to cover deficit)	177,844.21
<u>Difference:</u>	<u>22,441.77</u> =====

This difference, which is the same as the difference between the receipts for 1964 (177,844.21 francs) and the expenditure for the same year (200,285.98 francs), represents a deficit, temporarily covered by an advance from the Swiss Government.

The deficit for 1964 (22,441.77) added to that of 1963 (20,643.55) represents a total deficit of 43,085.32 francs.

NICE UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION
OF GOODS AND SERVICES TO WHICH TRADEMARKS ARE APPLIED

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1964

Founded by the Nice Agreement of June 15, 1957, which came into force on April 8, 1961, this restricted Union comprises the following 18 countries:

Australia	Monaco
Belgium	Netherlands
Czechoslovakia	Norway
Denmark	Poland
France (including the Departments of Guadeloupe, Guiana, Martinique and Reunion, and Overseas Territories)	Portugal
	Spain
	Sweden
Germany (Federal Republic)	Switzerland
Israel	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Italy	
Lebanon	

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

There were no further adhesions to the Nice Union in 1964.

PUBLICATION

In pursuance of the Resolution adopted by the Committee of Experts for which provision is made in Article 3 (1) of the Nice Agreement, BIRPI published in French the "Classification internationale des produits et des services auxquels s'appliquent les marques de fabrique ou de commerce" in one bound loose-leaf volume of 295 pages. This volume is divided into two main parts: the first contains an alphabetical list of goods and services, and the second an alphabetical list of goods and services according to class.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1964

Swiss francs

Expenditure: (for details, see page 11 above) 80,929.66

Receipts: (for details, see page 10 above)

Publications	9,262.26
Miscellaneous	55.64
Interest	183.76

Total receipts (excluding contributions) 9,501.66

Difference: 71,428.--
=====

This difference will be covered by the contributions of the Member States which will be recovered according to the following tables:

NUMBER OF UNITS

TABLE N/1

The contribution payable by each Member State is determined on the basis of Article 5 of the Nice Agreement:

Class	Number of Units per Class	Number of States belonging to each Class	Product of the two Numbers
I	25	4 (a)	100
II	20	-	-
III	15	5 (b)	75
IV	10	6 (c)	60
V	5	1 (d)	5
VI	3	2 (e)	6
		Total: 18	Total: 246

- (a) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (b) Australia, Belgium, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (c) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain.
- (d) Israel.
- (e) Lebanon, Monaco.

TABLE N/2

CONTRIBUTIONS

Basis of Contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
In pursuance of Article 5(1) of the Nice Agreement: 40,000 gold francs at 1.428571 = 57,142 plus, in pursuance of Article 5(2) of the Agreement: 10,000 gold francs at 1.428571 = 14,286 Total:... 71,428 =====	I	7,259.--(a)	4 (aa)	29,036.--
	II	-	-	-
	III	4,355.--(b)	5 (bb)	21,775.--
	IV	2,904.--(c)	6 (cc)	17,424.--
	V	1,451.--(d)	1 (dd)	1,451.--
	VI	871.--(e)	2 (ee)	1,742.--
				----- 71,428.-- =====

(a) $\frac{71\ 428}{246} \times 25$

(b) $\frac{71\ 428}{246} \times 15$

(c) $\frac{71\ 428}{246} \times 10$

(d) $\frac{71\ 428}{246} \times 5$

(e) $\frac{71\ 428}{246} \times 3$

(aa) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

(bb) Australia, Belgium, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.

(cc) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain.

(dd) Israel.

(ee) Lebanon, Monaco.

LISBON UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF APPELLATIONS OF ORIGIN
AND THEIR INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION

N O T E

The Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration was signed by 12 States (Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Morocco, Portugal, Rumania, Spain, Turkey) in 1958 and 1959.

Up to 1964, four States had ratified the Agreement: Czechoslovakia, Cuba, France, Israel (1). During 1964, there were no further ratifications.

Under the terms of the Agreement, it can only come into force after the deposit of the fifth instrument of ratification; the Agreement is not yet, therefore, in force.

(1) The accessions of Haiti, Mexico and San Marino are not effective until the Agreement comes into force.

III

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF LITERARY AND ARTISTIC WORKS
(BERNE UNION)

(77th Year)

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF LITERARY AND ARTISTIC WORKS
(BERNE UNION)

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1964

Founded by the Berne Convention of September 9, 1886, which came into force on December 5, 1887, and was revised at Paris in 1896, at Berlin in 1908, at Berne in 1914, at Rome in 1928, and at Brussels in 1948, the Berne Union comprises the following 54 countries:

Australia (including Nauru, New Guinea, Papua and Northern Territory)	Lebanon
Austria	Liechtenstein
Belgium	Luxembourg
Brazil	Mali
Bulgaria	Monaco
Cameroon	Morocco
Canada	Netherlands (including Surinam and Netherlands Antilles)
Ceylon	New Zealand (including Western Samoa)
Congo (Brazzaville)	Niger
Congo (Leopoldville)	Norway
Cyprus	Pakistan
Czechoslovakia	Philippines
Dahomey	Poland
Denmark	Portugal
Finland	Rumania
France (including the Overseas Departments and Territories)	Senegal
Gabon	South Africa (including South West Africa)
Germany	Spain
Greece	Sweden
Holy See	Switzerland
Hungary	Thailand
Iceland	Tunisia
India	Turkey
Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (with certain overseas territories)
Israel	
Italy	
Ivory Coast	
Japan	Upper Volta
	Yugoslavia

The Convention setting up the Berne Union has been revised several times. The following list indicates, in respect of each revision of the Convention, those States which have ratified or acceded to it. Certain States have acceded to more than one text; in this case, the most recent text which each State has ratified or acceded to is indicated in the list.

Berlin Text of 1908:

Thailand, South West Africa.

Rome Text of 1928:

States which have not made reservations:

Australia, Bulgaria, Canada, Ceylon, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Hungary, Lebanon, Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan, Poland, Rumania.

States which have made reservations:

- France: Article 4 of the 1886 text is substituted for paragraph 4 of Article 2 (works of applied art).
- Greece: Articles 5 and 9 of the 1886 text are substituted for Articles 8 and 11 (right of translation and right of representation and performance).
- Iceland: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for Icelandic translations only).
- Ireland: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for Irish translations only).
- Japan: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation).
- Tunisia: Article 4 of the 1886 text is substituted for paragraph 4 of Article 2 (works of applied art).
- Yugoslavia: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for translations in the languages of Yugoslavia only).

Brussels Text of 1948:

States which have not made reservations:

Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Cameroon, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Denmark, Finland, France, Gabon, Greece, Holy See, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Norway, Philippines, Portugal, Senegal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Upper Volta.

States which have made reservations:

Turkey: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 3 (right of translation for translations into Turkish only).

Yugoslavia: Same reservation as above for the Rome text.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

New Members.- During 1964, declarations of continued adherence were deposited by:

- the Federal Republic of Cameroon: declaration of September 21, 1964 (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 176);

the Republic of Cyprus: declaration of February 24, 1964 (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 88).

These two new members brought the total membership of the Berne Union to 54 on December 31, 1964.

Non-sovereign Territories.- During 1964, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland deposited a declaration to the effect that the Brussels Text (1948) of the Berne Convention was applicable to Mauritius as from December 27, 1964 (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 192).

Change of Class.- In a Note dated October 7, 1964, the Government of Japan intimated that it intended to be placed, as from the financial year 1963, in Class III (instead of Class VI) with regard to its contribution towards the expenses of the

International Bureau, pursuant to Article 23 (4) of the Berne Convention (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 192).

PERIODICAL REVIEW: "LE DROIT D'AUTEUR"

The twelve monthly issues of Le Droit d'Auteur contained 314 pages and the English insert, entitled "Copyright", 196 pages.

Apart from the communications relating to the deposit of instruments of ratification and accession in respect of the Berne Convention, which, as it were, make up the official part of the review, the following material was published, inter alia:

under the heading "Bilateral relations", exchanges of Notes or agreements between the following States: Austria-France; Belgium-France; Brazil-Italy; France-Israel; France-Italy; France-Lebanon; France-Madagascar; France-Norway; France-United Kingdom; Greece-Sweden; Italy-Norway; Spain-France;

under the heading "National legislation", laws, decrees, orders or regulations from nine countries of the Union (Australia, France, Iceland, India, Ireland, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, United Kingdom) and from three non-Union countries (El Salvador, Mexico, Uganda);

general studies on various legal questions and "Letters" concerning Denmark, France, Greece, Italy, Poland, United Kingdom and United States of America.

During 1964, the average number of copies printed of the review Le Droit d'Auteur was 1,275, distributed as follows:

Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	279
Copies distributed free of charge	64
Copies for exchange purposes	99
Copies for paying subscribers	476
Reserve in stock	357

In pursuance of the Resolution adopted by the Permanent Committee of the Berne Union at its 11th session in New Delhi (India) in 1963 (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 41), the Swiss Government consulted the Member States of the Union during 1964 with a view to authorizing BIRPI to publish a separate edition of the review in English.

As the results of this consultation were positive (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 193), the review has been published, as from the January 1965 number, in two editions with identical contents: one in French ("Le Droit d'Auteur") and the other in English ("Copyright").

MEETINGS

Committee of African Experts to Study a Draft Model Copyright Law.

In pursuance of one of the Recommendations adopted by the African Study Meeting on Copyright, sponsored by BIRPI and Unesco from August 5 to 10, 1963, the Director of BIRPI convened, jointly with the Director-General of Unesco, a Committee of African Experts.

This Committee, which met at Geneva from November 30 to December 4, 1964, had been instructed to draw up, on the basis of the working documents prepared by the Secretariats of the sponsoring Organizations with the assistance of consultants, a draft African model copyright law. Experts from the following countries took part in the proceedings: Congo (Brazzaville), Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Morocco and Nigeria.

At the close of the deliberations, the Committee adopted the text of a draft model law, together with a general report forming the commentary to the draft (see Copyright, 1965, pages 31 et seq.). These documents have been transmitted to the African States concerned, and to the non-African Member States for information.

NUMBER OF UNITS

Each State's contribution is determined on the basis of Article 23 (2) of the Rome or Brussels Texts of the Berne Convention and the Swiss Government's memorandum of May 1962:

Class	Number of Units per Class	Number of States belonging to each Class	Product of the two Numbers
I	25	4 (a)	100
II	20	2 (b)	40
III	15	9 (c)	135
IV	10	9 (d)	90
V	5	3 (e)	15
VI	3	25 (f)	75
		<u>Total: 52</u>	<u>Total: 455</u>

- (a) France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (b) Canada, Spain.
- (c) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Japan, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (d) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, India, Ireland, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa, Yugoslavia.
- (e) Bulgaria, Israel, Rumania.
- (f) Austria, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Gabon, Greece, Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Pakistan, Philippines, Senegal, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Upper Volta.

N.B. Cameroon and Cyprus became members of the Berne Union during 1964 and will not start to pay their contributions until 1965.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Basis of Contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
231 400.--	I	-	-	-
	II	-	-	-
	III	7 629.-- (a)	2 (aa)	15 258.--
	IV	5 086.-- (b)	2 (bb)	10 172.--
	V	2 543.-- (c)	1 (cc)	2 543.--
	VI	1 526.-- (d)	1 (dd)	1 526.--
400 000.--	I	21 978.-- (e)	4 (ee)	87 912.--
	II	17 582.-- (f)	2 (ff)	35 164.--
	III	13 187.-- (g)	7 (gg)	92 309.--
	IV	8 792.-- (h)	7 (hh)	61 544.--
	V	4 396.-- (i)	2 (ii)	8 792.--
	VI	2 637.-- (j)	24 (jj)	63 288.--
				378 508.--

- (a) $\frac{231\ 400}{455} \times 15$
- (b) $\frac{231\ 400}{455} \times 10$
- (c) $\frac{231\ 400}{455} \times 5$
- (d) $\frac{231\ 400}{455} \times 3$
- (e) $\frac{400\ 000}{455} \times 25$
- (f) $\frac{400\ 000}{455} \times 20$
- (g) $\frac{400\ 000}{455} \times 15$
- (h) $\frac{400\ 000}{455} \times 10$
- (i) $\frac{400\ 000}{455} \times 5$
- (j) $\frac{400\ 000}{455} \times 3$

- (aa) Poland, Portugal.
- (bb) Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia.
- (cc) Bulgaria.
- (dd) Greece.
- (ee) France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (ff) Canada, Spain.
- (gg) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Japan, Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (hh) Denmark, Finland, India, Ireland, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa.
- (ii) Israel, Rumania.
- (jj) Austria, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Dahomey, Gabon, Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Ivory Coast; Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Pakistan, Philippines, Senegal, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Upper Volta.

N.B. Communications relating to acceptance of the ceiling of 400,000 francs reaching BIRPI after January 1, 1965, will not be taken into consideration until the calculation of the contributions for 1965.

Geneva, May 1, 1965.

G.H.C. BODENHAUSEN
Director

This Management Report was approved by the Supervisory Authority of BIRPI on June 1, 1965

BUREAUX INTERNATIONAUX
RÉUNIS POUR LA PROTECTION
DE LA PROPRIÉTÉ INTELLECTUELLE
GENÈVE, SUISSE

BIRPI

UNITED INTERNATIONAL
BUREAUX FOR THE PROTECTION
OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
GENEVA, SWITZERLAND

M A N A G E M E N T R E P O R T 1965

- I. United International Bureaux for the Protection of Intellectual Property (BIRPI)
- II. International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property (Paris Union) (81st year) and Separate Agreements
- III. International Union for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (Berne Union) (78th year)

GENEVA
1966

(Translation)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I

UNITED INTERNATIONAL BUREAUX
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (BIRPI)

	Page
QUESTIONS CONCERNING BIRPI AS A WHOLE:	
Sharing of Common Expenditure	2
Interunion Coordination Committee	2
Committee of Governmental Experts on the Administrative Structure of International Cooperation in the Field of Intellectual Property	2
ACCOUNTS.- OBSERVATIONS:	
Results of the Year 1965	3
Receipts for the Year 1965	3
Expenditure for the Year 1965	6
Financial Situation of the Five Unions	8
ACCOUNTS.- TABLES:	
Receipts and Contributions	9
Expenses	10
Balance sheet at December 31, 1965	11
<u>Table A:</u> Current Accounts	12
<u>Table B:</u> Paris Union: Contributions to be recovered	13
<u>Table C:</u> Nice Union: Contributions to be recovered	14
<u>Table D:</u> Berne Union: Contributions to be recovered	15
<u>Table E:</u> Sundry Debtors	16
<u>Table F:</u> Creditors	16
<u>Table G:</u> Funds	17
<u>Table H:</u> Headquarters Building of BIRPI- Investments	17
<u>Table I:</u> Headquarters Building of BIRPI- Loan granted by the Pension Fund	18

II

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY (PARIS UNION)
AND SEPARATE AGREEMENTS

	Page
PARIS UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY:	
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1965	20
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	22
Periodical Reviews: <u>La Propriété industrielle</u> and <u>Industrial Property</u>	23
BIRPI Meetings	24
Other Activities of BIRPI	25
Accounts for the Year 1965	27
<u>Table P/1</u> : Number of Units	28
<u>Table P/2a</u> : Ordinary Contributions	29
<u>Table P/2b</u> : Extraordinary Contributions	30
MADRID AGREEMENT FOR THE PREVENTION OF FALSE OR MISLEADING INDICATIONS OF SOURCE:	
Contracting States as at December 31, 1965	31
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Agreement	32
MADRID UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION OF TRADEMARKS:	
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1965	32
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	33
Meeting	33
Periodical Review: <u>Les Marques internationales</u>	34
Number of International Registrations of Trademarks from 1893 to 1965	35
Number of Searches for Anticipation effected from 1950 to 1965	35

	Page
Statistics of International Trademarks from Commencement (1893) to 1965:	
I. Registered Trademarks	36
II. Refusals	37
Administration	38
Accounts for the Year 1965	39
<u>Table M: Distribution to Member States</u> of the Madrid Union	40
 THE HAGUE UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL DEPOSIT OF INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS	
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1965	41
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	41
Periodical Review :	
<u>Les Dessins et Modèles internationaux</u>	42
Statistics of the Industrial Designs and Models Service from the Commencement (1928) to 1965	43
Number and Type of Deposits; Number of Objects	43
Number and Origin of Registered and Prolonged Deposits	44
Administration	45
Accounts for the Year 1965	45
 NICE UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF GOODS AND SERVICES TO WHICH TRADEMARKS ARE APPLIED	
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1965	46
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	46
Meeting	46
Publication	47
Accounts for the Year 1965	47
<u>Table N/1: Number of Units</u>	48
<u>Table N/2: Contributions</u>	49
 LISBON UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF APPELLATIONS OF ORIGIN AND THEIR INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION	
Note	50

III

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF LITERARY AND ARTISTIC WORKS
(BERNE UNION)

	Page
Member States of the Union as at December 31, 1965 . .	52
Ratifications and Other Diplomatic Notifications concerning the Union	54
Periodical Reviews: <u>Le Droit d'Auteur</u> and <u>Copyright</u> . .	55
BIRPI Meetings	56
Other Activities of BIRPI	57
Accounts for the Year 1965	58
<u>Table L/1:</u> Number of Units	59
<u>Table L/2:</u> Contributions	60

- 1 -

I

UNITED INTERNATIONAL BUREAUX
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

(BIRPI)

QUESTIONS CONCERNING BIRPI AS A WHOLE

SHARING OF COMMON EXPENDITURE

The sharing of common expenditure - i.e., expenses common to two or more of the Unions administered by BIRPI - for the financial year 1965 was carried out along the same lines as in 1963 (see Management Report, 1963, page 8) and 1964.

INTERUNION COORDINATION COMMITTEE

The third ordinary session of the Committee was held at Geneva from September 28 to October 1, 1965. All the Member States of the International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property (Paris Union) and of the International Union for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (Berne Union), which were not already members of the Committee, had been invited to be represented by observers. The Committee examined questions of common interest to the Unions administered by BIRPI, such as, staff matters and the program and budget of BIRPI for 1966 (see document CCIU/III/12).

COMMITTEE OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPERTS ON THE ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN THE FIELD OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

A Committee of Governmental Experts met at Geneva from March 22 to April 2, 1965, in pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Permanent Bureau of the Paris Union and the Permanent Committee of the Berne Union at their joint session in October 1962. Thirty-seven States were represented at the meeting. The Committee drew up a Draft Administrative Protocol to serve as a model for each Union and a Draft Convention providing for the establishment of the International Intellectual Property Organization (see Industrial Property, 1965, page 98).

ACCOUNTS: OBSERVATIONS

RESULTS OF THE YEAR 1965

Receipts for 1965 exceeded expenditure by 260,342 Swiss francs⁽¹⁾:

Receipts	4,366,830 francs
Expenditure	4,106,488 francs
Difference	260,342 francs

Of this difference, 147,000 francs were distributed to the Members of the Madrid Union and 113,342 francs were transferred to various reserve funds.

RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR 1965

Receipts for 1965 amounted to 4,366,830 francs⁽²⁾. In 1964, they had amounted to 3,942,511 francs.

Except for the interest (which fell from 68,451 francs to 60,182 francs) and the contributions to be recovered from the Nice Union (which remained at 71,428 francs), all the sources of income showed an increase :

	1965 Swiss francs	(1964) (Swiss francs)
Paris Union contributions to be recovered		(843,790)
Berne Union contributions to be recovered	624,009	(378,508)
Madrid Union registration fees	2,157,684	(2,070,633)
Hague Union registration fees ...	182,360	(165,315)
Sale of publications	264,271	(217,587)
Miscellaneous	71,394	(45,896)

(1) In this part of the Report, all the amounts have been rounded to the nearest franc.; Unless otherwise stated, "francs" means Swiss francs.

(2) Including 24,471 francs from the account "Cover of deficit (Hague Union) by advances".

These receipts are derived from two main sources and two subsidiary sources.

*

* * *

The two main sources are: (a) the contributions of the Member States of the Paris, Nice and Berne Unions; and (b) the fees collected by the two international registration services - the Trademarks Service (Madrid Union) and the Designs Service (Hague Union).

The contributions of Member States work out as follows :

	1965	(1964)
	Swiss francs	(Swiss francs)
Paris Union (1)	852,674	(843,790)
Nice Union	71,428	(71,428)
Berne Union	624,009	(378,508)

The ceilings of the contributions of the Paris and Nice Unions remained the same as in 1964, i.e., 900,000 francs for the Paris Union and 71,428 francs for the Nice Union. The ceiling of contributions of the Berne Union was raised, however, from 400,000 francs in 1964 to 700,000 francs in 1965.

In the case of the Paris Union, the amounts actually due were approximately 1% more than in 1964, owing in particular to the fact that Czechoslovakia and Rumania agreed to contribute on the basis of the ceiling of 900,000 francs (instead of 600,000 francs) and the Netherlands, which contributes on the basis of the ceiling of 900,000 francs, decided to change from Class IV to Class III. These facts, in addition to the contributions of five new Member States (Cameroon, Gabon, Malawi, Niger, and Trinidad and Tobago), were responsible for a reduction of approximately 4% in the amounts of the contributions of all the other member countries. It should be noted, however, that the total amount of contributions actually due for 1965 (852,674 francs) is 5% below the theoretical ceiling (900,000 francs),

(1) Including 20,000 francs, in accordance with Article 13(7) of the Paris Convention.

because Bulgaria and Greece continue to contribute on the basis of the ceiling of 214,200 francs, which came into force in 1947, and, apart from thirteen countries in Class VI, the following countries still contribute on the basis of the ceiling of 600,000 francs, which came into force in 1959: Canada (Class II), Republic of South Africa, Turkey and the United Arab Republic (Class IV), Hungary and Israel (Class V).

In the case of the Nice Union, the total amount of contributions remained the same in 1965 as it had been in 1964, but each member country's contribution (except for that of the Netherlands) was reduced by approximately 2% as a result of the decision of the Netherlands to change from Class IV to Class III.

In the case of the Berne Union, the ceiling of 400,000 francs, in force between 1962 and 1964, was raised to 700,000 francs. In spite of the accession of two new countries (Cameroon and Cyprus), each country's share (except for that of Poland) was increased because of Poland's decision to change from Class III (15 units) to Class V (5 units). The amounts actually due (624,009 francs in all) are 11% below the theoretical ceiling (700,000 francs) because three countries continue to contribute on the basis of the ceiling of 231,400 francs, which came into force in 1957 (Bulgaria, Poland and Yugoslavia) and eleven countries still contribute on the basis of the ceiling of 400,000 francs, which came into force in 1962 (Austria, Belgium, Cameroon, Canada, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Dahomey, Hungary, Portugal, Rumania and Thailand).

The receipts derived from the fees collected by the two international registration services are as follows:

	1965	(1964)
	Swiss francs	(Swiss francs)
Trademarks Service	2,157,684	(2,070,633)
Designs Service	182,360	(165,315)

The increase in the receipts of the Trademarks Service is approximately 4% (the number of registrations increased slightly as compared with the previous year).

The receipts of the Designs Service increased by approximately 10% (the number of deposits and extensions registered also showed a slight increase).

The deficit of the Hague Union for 1965 amounts to 24,471 francs (as compared with 22,441 francs in 1964).

The two subsidiary sources of receipts are the subscriptions to periodicals and miscellaneous receipts.

The income from subscriptions to the reviews published by BIRPI and from the sale of other publications was as follows:

	1965 Swiss francs	(1964) (Swiss francs)
Paris Union.....	189,083	(86,381)
Madrid Union	100,389	(80,172)
The Hague Union	8,740	(9,631)
Nice Union	10,552	(9,262)
Berne Union	55,507	(32,141)
Total ...	264,271	(217,587)

The increase in the receipts of the Madrid Union is due mainly to the increase in this Union's share of the receipts from subscriptions to "La Propriété industrielle" and "Industrial Property" and to the rise in the number of subscribers to "Les Marques internationales". The increase in the receipts of the Berne Union is due mainly to the rise in the number of subscribers.

Miscellaneous receipts (sale of photocopies, registration fees for the Industrial Property Lecture Course, etc) amounted to 71,394 francs (45,896 francs in 1964). Receipts derived from bank interest amounted to 60,182 francs (68,451 francs in 1964).

The sum of 58,356 francs has been set aside for the improvement of the BIRPI Conference Room. This sum was obtained from renting one of the floors of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI.

EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1965

Expenditure in 1965 amounted to 4,106,488 francs, as compared with 3,592,880 francs in 1964. This represents an increase of approximately 14% as against a 10% increase in 1964 over expenses in 1963.

The following comparisons may be made with the previous year's figures:

	1965 Swiss francs	(1964) (Swiss francs)
Personnel	2,285,275	(2,048,535)
Missions and Conferences (Heading Nos 20,21,22).....	365,479	(377,009)
Printing (Heading Nos 30,31,40,41)	646,981	(595,677)
Amortization of Building.....	61,061	(63,036)
Maintenance of Building.....	134,649	(79,135)
Furniture and Office Supplies....	131,490	(134,137)
Postage and Telephone.....	136,056	(123,737)
Library.....	15,610	(7,059)
Miscellaneous and Unforeseen....	14,002	(21,752)
Interest.....	60,181	(59,354)
Conference Room.....	58,356	(58,460)

Although the number of permanent staff increased by only 3% (65 instead of 63), staff expenses increased by 12%. The main reasons were the rise in certain salaries (there were two increases of 4.6% each for staff in category G, and an increase in the post adjustment for P and higher categories, to take account of the rise in the cost of living), the increase in the social benefits payable by the employer, and more frequent recourse to supernumeraries (when the work accumulates, in connection with the preparation of conferences, for example).

The increase of approximately 9% for the item "Printing" is due mainly to the rise in printing costs and to the increase in the number of trademarks registered.

At the end of 1964, the Paris, Hague and Berne Unions still owed the sum of 670,400 francs towards the cost of the construction of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI, the Madrid Union having fully paid up its share.

During 1965, the three Unions effected the amortization provided for in their financment plans (Paris Union: 17,300 francs; The Hague Union: 10,700 francs; Berne Union: 9,200 francs), and they now owe the following sums to the BIRPI Pension Fund, which had advanced the money:

Paris Union.....	293,700 francs
The Hague Union.....	182,500 francs
Berne Union.....	157,000 francs

The increase in the item "Maintenance of Building", which amounts to 55,000 francs, is due mainly to the cost of important repairs to the water system and the moving of the archives of the Designs Service on the 2nd floor to the basement of the BIRPI Building.

FINANCIAL SITUATION OF THE FIVE UNIONS

Having regard both to income and expenditure for the financial year 1965, the situation of the various Unions on January 1, 1966, was as follows:

The Paris Union and the Berne Union have no debts apart from their long-term debt towards the Pension Fund for their share in the cost of the construction of the Building. They have very modest reserve funds (371,829 and 26,365 francs, respectively). It should be noted that these results are obtained by considering as receipts the contributions of the Member States for 1965 (as well as arrears). In actual fact, most of these contributions are still unpaid because, under the Paris and Berne Union system, Member States usually pay their contributions after the accounts for the financial year have been closed. The time lag of at least a year on average is offset by the advances received from the Swiss Government.

The same general considerations regarding the contributions of Member States also apply to the Nice Union, which has a very modest reserve fund of 12,942 francs.

The Madrid Union has no debts. After distributing 147,000 francs to its Member States out of the 1965 account, it is left with a reserve of 1,538,087 francs.

The Hague Union closes the financial year with a deficit of 24,472 francs. This sum, together with the deficit for the previous two years amounting to 43,085 francs, brings the Hague Union's accumulated deficit to a total of 67,557 francs, covered for the time being by advances from the Swiss Government. The Hague Union has no reserve fund. As indicated above, it still owes 182,500 francs for its share in the cost of the construction of the Headquarters Building.

A C C O U N T S : T A B L E S

R E C E I P T S A N D C O N T R I B U T I O N S

(Swiss francs)

Heading No.	Item	Total	Paris	Madrid	The Hague	Nice	Berne	BIRPI
80	Contributions to be recovered . .	1 548 111.--	852 674.--	-	-	71 428.--	624 009.--	-
81	Registration fees	2 340 044.01	-	2 157 684.01	182 360.--	-	-	-
82	Publications	264 271.48	89 082.96	100 388.98	8 739.70	10 552.64	55 507.20	-
83	Miscellaneous	71 394.17	43 284.57	11 134.79	3 214.80	497.94	13 262.07	-
84	Receipts reserved for the improve- ment of the Conference Room of the Headquarters Building of BIRPI. .	58 356.35	-	-	-	-	-	58 356.35
86	Cover of deficit by advances . .	24 471.23	-	-	24 471.23	-	-	-
88	Interest	60 181.64	11 300.19	47 053.10	61.43	217.34	1 057.87	491.71
	Total	4 366 829.88	996 341.72	2 316 260.88	218 847.16	82 695 92	693 836.14	58 848.06
		=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

E X P E N S E S

(Swiss francs)

Heading No.	Item	Total	Paris	Madrid	The Hague	Nice	Berne	BIRPI
10-19	Personnel	2 285 275.03	470 050.95	1 342 848.28	133 687.80	31 873.60	306 814.40	
20	Missions	132 883.35	87 454.95	20 105.20	3 405.95	2 249.45	19 667.80	
21	Travel by third parties . .	144 791.60	104 735.35	28 133.45	5 361.20	2 484.30	4 077.30	
22	Conferences	87 804.06	36 080.61	20 839.45	2 440.60	4 819.70	23 623.70	
30	Contributors	16 827.35	6 600.45	1 314.55	370.90	169.10	8 372.35	
31	Translators	51 156.80	25 730.60	4 426.80	1 611.65	8 587.50	10 800.25	
40	Printing (periodicals). . .	326 987.06	40 015.75	234 702.53	14 669.30	1 067.10	36 532.38	
41	Printing (other than periodicals). . .	252 009.62	84 291.13	126 728.59	8 580.52	20 222.67	12 186.71	
50	Amortization of Building. .	61 061.35	28 367.85	-	17 577.20	-	15 116.30	
51	Upkeep of the Building . .	134 648.66	21 543.80	82 644.15	15 903.56	1 219.40	13 337.75	
60	Furniture	46 342.05	9 881.45	24 807.65	3 256.60	582.80	7 813.55	
61	Material	85 147.52	12 406.55	53 645.12	4 530.70	760.20	13 804.95	
70	Postage	109 225.53	9 908.35	78 952.45	3 122.85	814.63	16 427.25	
71	Telephones	26 830.25	5 634.35	15 829.85	1 609.80	268.30	3 487.95	
72	Library	15 610.98	3 278.35	9 210.45	936.65	156.10	2 029.43	
73	Miscellaneous and unforeseen	14 002.65	4 479.50	6 298.80	1 720.45	163.40	1 340.50	
74	Distribution to Member States (Madrid Union) . . .	147 000.--	-	147 000.--	-	-	-	
76	Interest	60 181.64	11 300.19	47 053.10	61.43	217.34	1 057.87	491.71
77	Fund for the improvement of the Conference Room of the BIRPI Building	58 356.35	-	-	-	-	-	58 356.35
78	Transfer to 1966	197 345.70	-	-	-	-	197 345.70	
79	Reservé funds	113 342.33	34 581.54	71 720.46	-	7 040.33	-	
	Total	<u>4 366 829.88</u>	<u>996 341.72</u>	<u>2 316 260.88</u>	<u>218 847.16</u>	<u>82 695.92</u>	<u>693 836.14</u>	<u>58 848.06</u>

BALANCE SHEET AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

(Swiss francs)

C R E D I T

I. LIQUID ASSETS

Cash	5 372.90	
Post cheque account	28 359.67	
Current accounts (Table A)	2 162 724.85	
	<hr/>	2 196 457.42

II. DEBTOR ACCOUNTS

- Contributions for recovery:		
Paris Union (Table B)	1 037 885.68	
Nice Union (Table C)	88 049.55	
Berne Union (Table D)	908 414.47	
	<hr/>	2 034 349.70

- Excess of expenditure:		
The Hague Union - 1963	20 643.55	
The Hague Union - 1964	22 441.77	
The Hague Union - 1965	24 471.23	
	<hr/>	67 556.55

- Miscellaneous debtors (Table E)		31 544.10
---	--	-----------

III. INVENTORY (expendible items)

Paper in stock	27 776.41	
Other expendible items	p.m.	
	<hr/>	27 776.41

IV. REAL ESTATE

Headquarters Building of BIRPI (cost of construction)		2 571 694.05
--	--	--------------

Total	<hr/>	6 929 378.23
	<hr/>	<hr/>

D E B I T

I. CREDITOR ACCOUNTS

Creditors (Table F)		816 916.13
Funds (Table G)		498 611.13
Swiss Confederation (advances)	1 092 934.--	

II. RESERVE FUNDS

Paris Union	371 829.10	
Madrid Union	1 538 086.52	
Nice Union	12 941.84	
Berne Union	26 365.46	
	<hr/>	1 949 222.92

III. HEADQUARTERS BUILDING OF BIRPI

Investments (Table H)	1 938 494.05	
Loan granted by the Pension Fund (Table I)	633 200.--	
	<hr/>	2 571 694.05

Total	<hr/>	6 929 378.23
	<hr/>	<hr/>

T A B L E A

CURRENT ACCOUNTS *
(Swiss francs)

Free accounts:

Crédit Suisse	190 632.52	
Société de Banque Suisse .	7 818.--	
	<u> </u>	198 450.52

Blocked accounts:

Crédit Suisse	1 964 274.33	
	<u> </u>	2 162 724.85
		=====

* All these accounts bore interest (60 181.64), whereof 46 389.80 francs were credited to the Reserve Fund of the Madrid Union and 13 791.84 francs were paid to the Swiss Confederation.

PARIS UNION: CONTRIBUTIONS TO BE RECOVERED
(Swiss francs)

TABLE B

Class	States	Contributions due for the years prior to and including 1963 still unsettled at the end of 1965	Contributions due for 1964 still unsettled at the end of 1965	Total of contributions in arrears at the end of 1965	Contributions due for 1965	Contributions to be paid during 1966
III	Australia		26 386.--	26 386.--	25 413.--	51 799.--(5)
VI	Austria				5 083.--	5 083.--
III	Belgium				25 413.--	25 413.--
III	Brazil				25 413.--	25 413.-- *
V	Bulgaria				2 157.--(6)	2 157.--
VI	Cameroon				3 426.--	3 426.--
II	Canada				22 837.--	22 837.--
VI	Central African Republic				3 426.--	3 426.--
VI	Ceylon				3 426.--	3 426.--
VI	Chad				3 426.--	3 426.--
VI	Congo (Brazzaville)				3 426.--	3 426.--
VI	Cuba	6 983.90 (1)	5 278.--	12 261.90	3 426.--	3 426.-- *
IV	Czechoslovakia				5 083.--	17 344.90
IV	Denmark				16 943.--	16 943.--
VI	Dominican Republic	3 706.60 (2)	3 557.--	7 263.60	16 943.--	16 943.--
IV	Finland				3 426.--	10 669.60
I	France				16 943.--	16 943.--
VI	Gabon				42 357.--	42 357.--
I	Germany				3 426.--	3 426.--
V	Greece	2 360.90 (2)	2 239.--	4 599.90	42 357.--	42 357.--
VI	Haiti	12 011.60 (3)	5 278.--	17 289.60	2 157.--	6 756.90(5)
VI	Holy See				5 083.--	22 372.60
V	Hungary				5 083.--	5 083.--
VI	Iceland				5 109.--	5 109.--
IV	Indonesia	18 548.40 (2)			5 083.--	5 083.--
IV	Iran		17 590.--	36 138.40	16 943.--	53 081.40
IV	Ireland		14 841.48	14 841.48	16 943.--	31 784.48(5)
V	Israel				16 943.--	16 943.--
I	Italy				5 709.--	5 709.--
VI	Ivory Coast				42 357.--	42 357.--
II	Japan				3 426.--	3 426.--
VI	Laos				33 886.--	33 886.--
VI	Lebanon		5 278.--	5 278.--	5 083.--	10 361.--
VI	Liechtenstein				5 083.--	5 083.--
VI	Luxembourg				5 083.--	5 083.--
VI	Madagascar				5 083.--	5 083.--
VI	Malawi				3 426.--	3 426.--
III	Mexico				5 083.--(6)	5 083.--
VI	Monaco				25 413.--	25 413.-- *
VI	Morocco				5 083.--	5 083.--
III	Netherlands				5 083.--	5 083.--
V	New Zealand				25 413.--	25 413.--
VI	Niger				8 471.--	8 471.--
VI	Nigeria		5 278.--	5 278.--	3 426.--	3 426.--
IV	Norway				5 083.--	10 361.--
III	Poland	15 544.50 (4)		15 544.50	16 943.-- (6)	16 943.--
IV	Portugal		9 743.84	9 743.84	25 413.--	40 957.50
IV	Rumania				16 943.--	26 686.64(5)
VI	San Marino				16 943.--	16 943.--
VI	Senegal				5 083.--	5 083.--
IV	South Africa				3 426.--	3 426.--
IV	Spain	18 548.40(2)	17 590.--	36 138.40	11 418.-- (6)	11 418.--
III	Sweden				16 943.--	53 081.40
III	Switzerland				25 413.-- (6)	25 413.--
VI	Syrian Arab Republic				25 413.--	25 413.--
VI	Tanzania				5 083.--	5 083.--
VI	Trinidad and Tobago				3 426.-- (6)	3 426.-- *
VI	Tunisia				5 083.--	5 083.--
IV	Turkey		10 491.80	10 491.80	5 083.--	5 083.--
IV	United Arab Republic		2 854.--	2 854.--	11 418.--(6)	21 909.80(5)
I	United Kingdom				11 418.--	14 272.--(5)
I	United States of America . .				42 357.--	42 357.--
VI	Upper Volta				42 357.--	42 357.--
VI	Viet-Nam				3 426.--	3 426.--
IV	Yugoslavia				5 083.--	5 083.--
					16 943.--	16 943.--
	Total	77 704.30	126 405.12	204 109.42	852 674.--	1 056 783.42

* Less the following credits on December 31, 1965:

OAMPI	:	3 665.60
Brazil	:	9 694.95
Congo (Brazzaville)	:	3 557.--
Mexico	:	1 490.39
Tanzania	:	489.80

18 897.74

1 037 885.68

(1) Contributions for 1962 and 1963.
 (2) Contributions for 1963.
 (3) Contributions from 1958 to 1963.
 (4) Contributions for 1939 (balance) and 1940 to 1944 (war years).
 (5) Arrears paid to be deducted.
 (6) This contribution has already been paid.

N I C E U N I O N : C O N T R I B U T I O N S T O B E R E C O V E R E D
(Swiss francs)

T A B L E C

Class	States	Contributions due for the years prior to and including 1963 still unsettled at the end of 1965	Contributions due for 1964 still unsettled at the end of 1965	Total of contributions in arrears at the end of 1965	Contributions due for 1965	Contributions to be paid during 1966
III	Australia		4 355.--	4 355.--	4 269.--	8 624.--(2)
III	Belgium				4 269.--	4 269.--
IV	Czechoslovakia				2 846.--	2 846.--
IV	Denmark				2 846.--	2 846.--
I	France				7 114.--	7 114.--
I	Germany				7 114.--	7 114.--
V	Israel				1 422.--	1 422.--
I	Italy				7 114.--	7 114.--
VI	Lebanon				853.--	853.--
VI	Monaco				853.--	853.--
III	Netherlands				4 269.--	4 269.--
IV	Norway				2 846.--	2 846.--
III	Poland				4 269.--	4 269.--
IV	Portugal		2 904.--	2 904.--	2 846.--	5 750.--
IV	Spain	6 458.55(1)	2 904.--	9 362.55	2 846.--	12 208.55
III	Sweden				4 269.--	4 269.--
III	Switzerland				4 269.--	4 269.--
I	United Kingdom				7 114.--	7 114.--
	Total	6 458.55 =====	10 163.-- =====	16 621.55 =====	71 428.-- =====	88 049.55 =====

(1) Contributions from 1961 to 1963.

(2) Arrears paid to be deducted.

BERNE UNION: CONTRIBUTIONS TO BE RECOVERED
(Swiss francs)

TABLE D

Class	States	Contributions due for the years prior to and including 1963 still unsettled at the end of 1965	Contributions due for 1964 still unsettled at the end of 1965	Total of contributions in arrears at the end of 1965	Contributions due for 1965	Contributions to be paid during 1966
III	Australia		13 187.--	13 187.--	23 282.--	36 469.-- (7)
VI	Austria				2 661.--	2 661.--
III	Belgium				13 304.--	13 304.--
III	Brazil				23 282.--	23 282.-- *
V	Bulgaria	48 925.30 (1)	2 543.--	51 468.30	2 566.--	54 034.30
VI	Cameroon				2 661.--	2 661.--
II	Canada				17 739.--	17 739.--
VI	Ceylon				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Congo (Brazzaville)		2 637.--	2 637.--	4 656.--	7 293.--
VI	Congo (Leopoldville)	2 727.25 (2)	2 637.--	5 364.25	4 656.--	10 020.25
VI	Cyprus				2 661.--	2 661.--
IV	Czechoslovakia				8 869.--	8 869.--
VI	Dahomey		2 637.--	8 607.90	2 661.--	11 268.90
IV	Denmark	5 970.90 (4)			15 521.--	15 521.--
IV	Finland				15 521.--	15 521.--
I	France				38 803.--	38 803.--
VI	Gabon	4 799.75 (5)	2 637.--	7 436.75	4 656.--	12 092.75
I	Germany				38 803.--	38 803.--
VI	Greece				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Holy See				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Hungary				2 661.--	2 661.--
VI	Iceland				4 656.--	4 656.--
IV	India				15 521.--	15 521.--
IV	Ireland				15 521.--	15 521.--
V	Israel				7 760.--	7 760.--
I	Italy		21 978.--	21 978.--	38 803.--	60 781.--
VI	Ivory Coast				4 656.--	4 656.--
III	Japan				23 282.--	23 282.--
VI	Lebanon				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Liechtenstein				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Luxembourg				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Mali	5 490.65 (5)	2 637.--	8 127.65	4 656.--	12 783.65
VI	Monaco				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Morocco				4 656.--	4 656.--
III	Netherlands				23 282.--	23 282.--
IV	New Zealand				15 521.--	15 521.--
VI	Niger				4 656.--	4 656.--
IV	Norway				15 521.--	15 521.--
VI	Pakistan				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Philippines		2 637.--	2 637.--	4 656.--	7 293.--
V	Poland	135 650.85 (6)	7 629.--	143 279.85	2 566.--	145 845.85
III	Portugal				13 304.--	13 304.--
V	Rumania				4 435.--	4 435.--
VI	Senegal	2 727.25 (2)	2 637.--	5 364.25	4 656.--	10 020.25 (7)
IV	South Africa				15 521.-- (8)	15 521.--
II	Spain	8 949.87 (3)	17 582.--	26 531.87	31 042.--	57 573.87
III	Sweden				23 282.-- (8)	23 282.--
III	Switzerland				23 282.--	23 282.--
VI	Thailand				2 661.--	2 661.--
VI	Tunisia				4 656.--	4 656.--
VI	Turkey				4 656.--	4 656.--
I	United Kingdom				38 803.--	38 803.--
VI	Upper Volta		2 637.--	2 637.--	4 656.--	7 293.--
IV	Yugoslavia				5 131.-- (8)	5 131.--
	Total	215 241.82	84 015.--	299 256.82	624 009.--	923 265.82

* Less Brazil's credit on December 31, 1965 14 851.35

908 414.47

(1) Contributions from 1939 to 1963.
 (2) Contributions for 1963.
 (3) Contributions for 1963 (balance).
 (4) Contributions from 1961 to 1963.
 (5) Contributions for 1962 and 1963.
 (6) Contributions from 1938 to 1944, for 1948 (balance) and from 1949 to 1963.
 (7) Arrears paid to be deducted.
 (8) This contribution has already been paid.

T A B L E E

S U N D R Y D E B T O R S
(Swiss francs)

Unpaid invoices		11 615.68
Advance payments for trademark registration fees		2 675.--
 Transitional account:		
Expected reimbursement of taxes on various bank accounts	16 249.02	
Refund by travel agency of cost of tickets unused in 1965	1 004.40	
	17 253.42	
		31 544.10
		=====

T A B L E F

C R E D I T O R S
(Swiss francs)

Germany (Paris Union)		126 094.68
Germany (Berne Union)		91 503.--
Advance payments of trademark registration fees .		237 278.82
Advance payments of design registration fees . .		686.57
Current accounts (deposits by third parties for registration fees of trademarks, designs, subscriptions to BIRPI periodicals, etc.) . .		320 827.26
 Sundry creditors:		
(miscellaneous supplies for 1965)		38 641.10
 Transitional account		 1 884.70
		816 916.13
		=====

T A B L E G

F U N D S
(Swiss francs)

Funds to be distributed to Member States of the Madrid Union	147 000.--
Amounts brought forward for future expenses . . .	154 265.43
Credit Balance of Berne Union for financial year 1965 carried forward (doc. CCIU/III/4, para.19; CCIU/III/9, para.6 and CCIU/III/12, para.58) .	197 345.70
	<hr/>
	498 611.13
	<hr/> <hr/>

T A B L E H

HEADQUARTERS BUILDING OF BIRPI: INVESTMENTS
(Swiss francs)

Investments at December 31, 1964 (see Table H of the Management Report of 1964)	1 901 294.05
Investments as set out in the accounts of 1965 . .	37 200.-- *
	<hr/>
	1 938 494.05
	<hr/> <hr/>

* Amortization of capital in 1965:

Paris Union	17 300.--
The Hague Union	10 700.--
Berne Union	9 200.--
	<hr/>
	37 200.--
	<hr/> <hr/>

T A B L E I

HEADQUARTERS BUILDING OF BIRPI: LOAN GRANTED BY THE PENSION FUND

Balance at December 31, 1965, of the loan granted
by the Pension Fund:

(Swiss francs)

Paris Union	293 700.--
The Hague Union	182 500.--
Berne Union	157 000.--
	633 200.--
	633 200.--

Union	Initial capital after settlement of the ⁽¹⁾ accounts	Debt towards Pension Fund at January 1, 1965	Amortization of capital	Balance of debt at December 31 1965
Paris . . .	345 619.15	311 000.--	17 300.--	293 700.--
The Hague .	214 658.75	193 200.--	10 700.--	182 500.--
Berne . . .	184 723.75	166 200.--	9 200.--	157 000.--
		670 400.--	37 200.--	633 200.--

(1) See Doc. CCIU/II/5, Annex III, page 24.

II

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY (PARIS UNION)
(81st Year)
AND
SEPARATE AGREEMENTS

PARIS UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

Founded by the Paris Convention of March 20, 1883, which was brought into force on July 7, 1884, and revised at Brussels in 1900, at Washington in 1911, at The Hague in 1925, at London in 1934, and at Lisbon in 1958, the Paris Union comprises the following 72⁽¹⁾ countries :

Australia	Malawi
Austria	Mauritania
Belgium	Mexico
Brazil	Monaco
Bulgaria	Morocco
Cameroon	Netherlands
Canada	New Zealand
Central African Republic	Niger
Ceylon	Nigeria
Chad	Norway
Congo (Brazzaville)	Philippines
Cuba	Poland
Czechoslovakia	Portugal
Denmark	Rhodesia
Dominican Republic	Rumania
Finland	San Marino
France	Senegal
Gabon	South Africa
Germany (Federal Republic)	Spain
Greece	Sweden
Haiti	Switzerland
Holy See	Syrian Arab Republic
Hungary	Tanzania
Iceland	Trinidad and Tobago
Indonesia	Tunisia
Iran	Turkey
Ireland	Uganda
Israel	Union of Soviet
Italy	Socialist Republics
Ivory Coast	United Arab Republic
Japan	United Kingdom of
Kenya	Great Britain and
Laos	Northern Ireland
Lebanon	United States of America
Liechtenstein	Upper Volta
Luxembourg	Viet-Nam
Madagascar	Yugoslavia
	Zambia

(1) As regards East Germany or the German Democratic Republic, see Industrial Property , 1964, p. 254.

The Convention establishing the Paris Union has been revised several times. The following list indicates, in respect of each revision ("text") of the Convention, those States which have ratified or acceded to it. Certain States have ratified or acceded to more than one text; in such cases only the most recent text which each State has ratified or acceded to is indicated in the list.

Washington Text of 1911: Bulgaria (1 State)

The Hague Text of 1925: Brazil, Dominican Republic
Poland. (3 States)

London Text of 1934: Australia⁽¹⁾, Austria,
Canada, Ceylon, Denmark, Finland, Greece,
Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia,
Ireland, Israel, Italy, Lebanon,
Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Morocco,
Netherlands, New Zealand, Portugal,
San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Syrian Arab
Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab
Republic, Viet-Nam. (29 States)

Lisbon Text of 1958: Belgium, Cameroon,
Central African Republic, Chad, Congo
(Brazzaville), Cuba, Czechoslovakia,
France, Gabon, Germany (Federal Republic),
Haiti, Iran, Ivory Coast, Japan, Kenya,
Laos, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritania,
Mexico, Monaco, Niger, Nigeria, Norway,
Philippines, Rhodesia, Rumania, Senegal,
South Africa, Switzerland, Tanzania,
Trinidad and Tobago, Uganda, Union of
Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom
of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,
United States of America, Upper Volta,
Yugoslavia, Zambia. (39 States)

(1) The Territory under Mandate of Nauru is still bound by the text of The Hague (1925).

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

New Members.- During 1965, the following States became members of the Paris Union and are bound by the Lisbon Text of 1958 by virtue of accession which took effect from the dates appearing after their names in the list below:

Kenya	June 14, 1965	(see <u>Industrial Property</u> , 1965, page 98)
Malawi	July 6, 1964	(" " " " " 239)
Mauritania	April 11, 1965	(" " " " " 43)
Philippines..	September 27, 1965	(" " " " " 186)
Rhodesia	April 6, 1965	(" " " " " 43)
Uganda	June 14, 1965	(" " " " " 98)
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	July 1, 1965	(" " " " " 74)
Zambia	April 6, 1965	(" " " " " 43)

These new members brought the total membership of the Paris Union to 72 on December 31, 1965. With regard to the German Democratic Republic, see Industrial Property, 1964, page 254.

Ratifications and Accessions to the Lisbon Text by Old Members.- In 1965, the following States acceded to the Lisbon Text of the Paris Convention, with effect from the dates in parentheses after their names: Belgium (August 21, 1965), Japan (August 21, 1965), South Africa (April 17, 1965), Yugoslavia (April 11, 1965). (See Industrial Property, 1965, pages 74 and 166.)

The accessions of Cyprus and Algeria, notified in 1965, became effective in 1966 (January 17 and March 1, respectively).

PERIODICAL REVIEWS:

"LA PROPRIETE INDUSTRIELLE" AND "INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY"

Twelve monthly issues of La Propriété industrielle and Industrial Property were published in 1965 with identical contents. The total number of pages was 300 in the French version and 290 in the English version.

Apart from the communications concerning the deposit of instruments of ratification and accession in respect of the Paris Convention and the separate Agreements, the following material was published, inter alia:

- under the heading "Legislation", laws from seven Member States of the Union (France, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America);
- general studies in the form of articles or "Letters" concerning Austria, France, Netherlands, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Venezuela; other general studies dealt with the Scandinavian countries, the Socialist countries members of the Council for Mutual Economic Aid (COMECON), the Latin American countries and countries belonging to the European Economic Community (EEC);
- under the heading "Reports of International Organizations", notes or reports concerning the International Association for the Protection of Industrial Property, the International Chamber of Commerce, and the International Federation of Patent Agents;
- under the new heading "New Plant Varieties", the Danish Act to protect plant breeders' rights, of 1962, and two general studies on the Paris Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants;
- under the heading "International Unions", notes or reports on the main BIRPI meetings held throughout 1965.

During 1965 the average number printed of the French edition of the review was 1,665 copies, and the average of the English edition, 1,210 copies, distributed as follows:

	<u>La Propriété industrielle</u>		<u>Industrial Property</u>	
	Ordinary edition	Printed on one side only	Ordinary edition	Printed on one side only
Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	255		259	2
Copies distributed free of charge	51		29	
Copies for exchange purposes	72		24	
Copies sent to paying subscribers	832	46	548	74
Reserve in stock	400	9	270	4

BIRPI MEETINGS

Executive Committee of the Conference of Representatives of the Paris Union.- The first session of the Executive Committee of the Conference of Representatives of the Paris Union was held at Geneva from September 29 to October 1, 1965. In the course of the session, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics was co-opted as member of the Executive Committee. This being its first session, the Committee established its own Rules of Procedure. It unanimously adopted a resolution requesting the Swiss Government as Supervisory Authority to urge all Member States of the Paris Union which were not yet contributing on the basis of the 900,000 Swiss francs ceiling, in force since the beginning of 1963, to do so. Finally, the Committee noted with approval the program and budget proposals of the Director of BIRPI for 1966.

Committee of Experts on Inventors' Certificates.- This Committee, in which twenty-seven Member States of the Paris Union participated, met at Geneva from March 15 to 19, 1965, in order to examine the desirability of, and possible solutions for, amending the Paris Convention so that the text would contain express provisions on inventors' certificates. The Committee had before it a working paper prepared by BIRPI in collaboration with Experts appointed by the Swedish Government as host of the Diplomatic

Conference scheduled for 1967. The Committee adopted a draft text for a new Section I in Article 4 of the Paris Convention, providing that, subject to certain conditions, applications for inventors' certificates would be treated in the same manner and have the same effects as applications for patents, for the purpose of the right of priority under Article 4 of the Convention.

International Committee of Novelty-Examining Patent Offices. Advisory Group.- At its meeting in October 1964, the International Committee of Novelty-Examining Patent Offices had decided to leave the further study of two questions - statistics and an index of corresponding patents - to advisory groups.

A first advisory group met in Geneva on March 11 and 12, 1965. It examined the form and wording of the new statistical questionnaires on industrial property and discussed further steps in connection with the study of a world patent index. The new statistical questionnaires for 1964 were distributed in the course of 1965.

A second advisory group met in Geneva on December 9 and 10, 1965. It examined the report prepared by BIRPI on the feasibility of establishing a world patent index service and approved the text of a brochure describing the proposed service. The brochure would also serve as a survey of the demand for such a service. It would be a joint publication by BIRPI and the International Patent Institute.

OTHER ACTIVITIES OF BIRPI

United Nations

During 1965, BIRPI continued and extended its cooperation with the United Nations and its subsidiary bodies in accordance with the working agreement established between BIRPI and the United Nations in 1964.

The majority of the United Nations meetings at which BIRPI was represented by observers expressly endorsed BIRPI's role in the industrial property field. In particular, the Board of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development nominated BIRPI as one of the intergovernmental organizations to be permanently associated with the work of the Board; the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) adopted a resolution requesting the Secretary-General,

in cooperation with competent international bodies including BIRPI, to explore the question of the transfer of technology to developing countries; and the Asian Conference on Industrialization adopted a recommendation recognizing the work now being done in the industrial property field by United Nations bodies and BIRPI.

Meetings of Other Organizations

Among the meetings dealing with industrial property at which BIRPI was represented in 1965 were the following:

Council of Europe (Committee of Experts on Patents); International Olive Oil Council (Congress); Inter-American Association for the Protection of Industrial Property (ASIPI, Buenos Aires); International League Against Unfair Competition (Congress).

BIRPI Training Program

During 1965, BIRPI continued its technical assistance program, with the help of various national industrial property offices, by granting fellowships for the training of six Government officials of developing countries who are working or who expect to work in the industrial property offices of their countries. These training periods average from two to three months.

BIRPI Missions to South America and Asia

The Director of BIRPI made official visits to the competent Government authorities of Argentina, Chile and Uruguay. One of the Deputy Directors made a similar visit to Venezuela.

The Director of BIRPI also visited the Government authorities of Algeria, India, Iran, Iraq, Pakistan, and - together with one of the Deputy Directors - the Soviet Union.

Industrial Property Lecture Course

For the first time in its history, BIRPI organized an Industrial Property Lecture Course in Geneva, from September 20 to 24, 1965. Some three hundred participants from twenty-seven countries attended. The Course was held mainly for the benefit of Government officials and private practitioners whose professional activities bring them into contact with questions concerning the law of industrial property.

Publications

BIRPI published its Model Law for Developing Countries on Inventions in three languages (English, French and Spanish) in 1965. The publication contains the text of the Model Law together with an extensive commentary, and there is a separate edition for each language.

A Supplement to the Manual of Industrial Property Conventions was published in English and French.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1965

	Swiss francs
<u>Expenditure</u> (for details, see page 10 above)	996,341.72
<u>Receipts</u> (for details, see page 9 above)	
Publications ...	89,082.96
Miscellaneous ..	43,284.57
Interest	11,300.19
Total receipts (excluding contributions)	143,667.72
<u>Difference</u>	852,674.--

This difference will be covered by the contributions of the Member States which will be recovered in accordance with the following tables:

NUMBER OF UNITS

Each Member State's contribution is determined on the basis of Article 13 (8) of the London and Lisbon texts of the Paris Convention and the memoranda of the Swiss Government dated February 7, 1959, and February 26, 1963.

Class	Number of Units per Class	Number of States belonging to each Class	Product of the two Numbers
I	25	5 (a)	125
II	20	2 (b)	40
III	15	8 (c)	120
IV	10	14 (d)	140
V	5	5 (e)	25
VI	3	31 (f)	93
		Total: 65	Total: 543

- (a) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.
- (b) Canada, Japan.
- (c) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (d) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Norway, Portugal, Rumania, South Africa, Spain, Turkey, United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia.
- (e) Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Israel, New Zealand.
- (f) Austria, Cameroon, Chad, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Cuba, Dominican Republic, Gabon, Haiti, Holy See, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Laos, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, San Marino, Syrian Arab Republic, Tanzania, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Upper Volta, Viet-Nam.

ORDINARY CONTRIBUTIONS
(Article 13 (6) of the Paris Convention)

Basis of contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
214 200	I	-	-	-
	II	-	-	-
	III	-	-	-
	IV	-	-	-
	V	1 973 (a)	2 (aa)	3 946
	VI	-	-	-
600 000	I	-	-	-
	II	22 100 (b)	1 (bb)	22 100
	III	-	-	-
	IV	11 050 (c)	3 (cc)	33 150
	V	5 525 (d)	2 (dd)	11 050
	VI	3 315 (e)	13 (ee)	43 095
900 000	I	41 436 (f)	5 (ff)	207 180
	II	33 149 (g)	1 (gg)	33 149
	III	24 862 (h)	8 (hh)	198 896
	IV	16 575 (i)	11 (ii)	182 325
	V	8 287 (j)	1 (jj)	8 287
	VI	4 972 (k)	18 (kk)	89 496
Total			65	832 674

(a) $\frac{214\,200}{543} \times 5$

(aa) Bulgaria, Greece.

(bb) Canada.

(b) to (e) Amounts calculated on basis of Swiss Government's memorandum of February 7, 1959:

(cc) South Africa, Turkey, United Arab Republic.

(dd) Hungary, Israel.

(b) $\frac{600\,000}{543} \times 20$

(ee) Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, Congo (Brazzaville), Dominican Republic, Gabon, Ivory Coast, Madagascar, Niger, Senegal, Tanzania, Upper Volta.

(c) $\frac{600\,000}{543} \times 10$

(ff) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

(d) $\frac{600\,000}{543} \times 5$

(gg) Japan.

(e) $\frac{600\,000}{543} \times 3$

(hh) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.

(ii) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Norway, Portugal, Rumania, Spain, Yugoslavia.

(jj) New Zealand.

(kk) Austria, Cuba, Haiti, Holy See, Iceland, Laos, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malawi, Monaco, Morocco, Nigeria, San Marino, Syrian Arab Republic, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Viet-Nam.

NB. Communications relating to acceptance of the ceilings of 600,000 or 900,000 francs reaching BIRPI after January 1, 1966, will not be taken into consideration until the calculation of the contributions for 1966.

(f) to (k) Amounts calculated on basis of Swiss Government's memorandum of February 26 1963:

(f) $\frac{900\,000}{543} \times 25$

(g) $\frac{900\,000}{543} \times 20$

(h) $\frac{900\,000}{543} \times 15$

(i) $\frac{900\,000}{543} \times 10$

(j) $\frac{900\,000}{543} \times 5$

(k) $\frac{900\,000}{543} \times 3$

EXTRAORDINARY CONTRIBUTIONS
(Article 13 (7) of the Paris Convention)

Basis of contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
20 000	I	921 (a)	5 (aa)	4 605
	II	737 (b)	2 (bb)	1 474
	III	551 (c)	8 (cc)	4 408
	IV	368 (d)	14 (dd)	5 152
	V	184 (e)	5 (ee)	920
	VI	111 (f)	31 (ff)	3 441
		Total . . .		65	20 000

- (a) $\frac{20\,000}{543} \times 25$
- (b) $\frac{20\,000}{543} \times 20$
- (c) $\frac{20\,000}{543} \times 15$
- (d) $\frac{20\,000}{543} \times 10$
- (e) $\frac{20\,000}{543} \times 5$
- (f) $\frac{20\,000}{543} \times 3$

- (aa) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.
- (bb) Canada, Japan.
- (cc) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Mexico, Netherlands, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (dd) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Indonesia, Iran, Ireland, Norway, Portugal, Rumania, South Africa, Spain, Turkey, United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia.
- (ee) Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Israel, New Zealand.
- (ff) Austria, Cameroon, Chad, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Cuba, Dominican Republic, Gabon, Haiti, Holy See, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Laos, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, San Marino, Syrian Arab Republic, Tanzania, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Upper Volta, Viet-Nam.

MADRID AGREEMENT FOR THE PREVENTION
OF FALSE OR MISLEADING INDICATIONS OF SOURCE

CONTRACTING STATES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

The Madrid Agreement of April 14, 1891, which came into force on July 15, 1892, and was revised at Washington in 1911, at The Hague in 1925, at London in 1934, and at Lisbon in 1958, comprises the following 29⁽¹⁾ countries:

Brazil	Morocco
Ceylon	New Zealand
Cuba	Poland
Czechoslovakia	Portugal
Dominican Republic	San Marino
France	Spain
Germany (Federal Republic)	Sweden
Hungary	Switzerland
Ireland	Syrian Arab Republic
Israel	Tunisia
Italy	Turkey
Japan	United Arab Republic
Lebanon	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Liechtenstein	
Monaco	Viet-Nam

The Agreement has been revised several times. The following list indicates, in respect of each revision ("text") of the Agreement, those States which have ratified or acceded to it. Some States have ratified or acceded to more than one text; in such cases, only the most recent text which each State has ratified or acceded to is indicated in the list.

(1) As regards East Germany or the German Democratic Republic, see Industrial Property, 1964, page 254.

The Hague Text of 1925: Brazil, Dominican Republic,
Poland. (3 States)

London Text of 1934: Ceylon, Hungary, Ireland,
Israel, Italy, Lebanon, Liechtenstein,
Morocco, New Zealand, Portugal, San Marino,
Spain, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic,
Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Republic,
Viet-Nam. (18 States)

Lisbon Text of 1958: Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France,
Germany (Federal Republic), Japan, Monaco,
Switzerland, United Kingdom of Great
Britain and Northern Ireland. (8 States)

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE AGREEMENT

There were no further accessions to this Agreement
in 1965 (1).

Japan, which had formerly been bound by the London
Text of 1934, acceded to the Lisbon Text with effect from
August 21, 1965 (see Industrial Property, 1965, page 166).

MADRID UNION
CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION OF TRADEMARKS

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

Founded by the Madrid Agreement of April 14, 1891,
which came into force on July 15, 1892, and was revised
at Brussels in 1900, at Washington in 1911, at The Hague
in 1925, at London in 1934, and at Nice in 1957, this
restricted Union comprises the following 21 (1) countries:

(1) As regards East Germany or the German Democratic
Republic, see Industrial Property, 1964, page 254.

Austria	Netherlands
Belgium	Portugal
Czechoslovakia	Rumania . . .
France	San Marino
Germany (Federal Republic)	Spain
Hungary	Switzerland
Italy	Tunisia
Liechtenstein	United Arab Republic
Luxembourg	Viet-Nam
Monaco	Yugoslavia
Morocco	

All these 21 countries are bound by the London Text of 1934.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS CONCERNING THE UNION

London Text of 1934

During the year, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia declared that they considered themselves bound by the London Text of 1934 (see Industrial Property, 1965, page 98, and 1966, page 54).

Nice Text of 1957

During 1965, the United Arab Republic acceded to the Nice Text of 1957 (see Industrial Property, 1965, page 186). This accession, as well as the preceding ratifications to the Nice Text of 1957, will come into force on December 15, 1966.

MEETING

The Ad hoc Conference of Directors of National Industrial Property Offices of Member States of the Madrid Union met in Geneva from December 13 to 17, 1965. The Conference adopted draft transitional Regulations concerning the International Registration of Trademarks and examined certain questions relating to the interpretation of the Nice Text (see Industrial Property, 1966, page 23).

PERIODICAL REVIEW: "LES MARQUES INTERNATIONALES"

Throughout 1965, BIRPI published in its review entitled "Les Marques internationales" the registration of 14,596 marks. It also published the operations notified during the year which affect the status in the Contracting States of international trademarks in force. The twelve monthly issues totalled 2,728 printed pages, without counting the annual index. The number printed was 2,842 copies per month, distributed as follows:

	Ordinary edition	Printed on one side only
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	1638	90
Copies distributed free of charge	13	
Copies for exchange purposes	19	
Copies sent to paying subscribers	777	64
Reserve in stock	223	18

NUMBER OF INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATIONS OF TRADEMARKS FROM 1893 TO 1965

Annual Totals

Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations	Year	Regis- trations
1893	76	1908	908	1923	5 258	1938	2 800	1953	7 572
1894	231	1909	1 302	1924	5 487	1939	2 476	1954	8 069
1895	229	1910	1 409	1925	5 387	1940	1 951	1955	7 955
1896	304	1911	1 517	1926	4 886	1941	2 913	1956	7 909
1897	409	1912	1 553	1927	5 255	1942	3 551	1957	8 501
1898	451	1913	1 934	1928	5 976	1943	5 612	1958	9 873
1899	323	1914	1 394	1929	5 917	1944	4 502	1959	11 296
1900	368	1915	658	1930	5 760	1945	3 682	1960	11 662
1901	369	1916	850	1931	4 482	1946	4 560	1961	12 079
1902	435	1917	880	1932	3 946	1947	4 616	1962	12 872
1903	577	1918	987	1933	3 550	1948	5 981	1963	14 193
1904	547	1919	1 575	1934	3 453	1949	4 801	1964	14 423
1905	691	1920	2 284	1935	2 822	1950	6 309	1965	14 596
1906	749	1921	2 562	1936	3 204	1951	7 569		
1907	789	1922	2 653	1937	2 905	1952	7 552		

NUMBER OF SEARCHES FOR ANTICIPATION EFFECTED FROM 1950 TO 1965

Annual Totals

Year	Searches	Year	Searches	Year	Searches	Year	Searches	Year	Searches
1950	1 031	1953	1 631	1956	1 958	1959	2 946	1962	3 391
1951	1 456	1954	1 937	1957	2 467	1960	3 445	1963	3 498
1952	1 350	1955	1 764	1958	2 923	1961	3 885	1964	3 419
								1965	3 823

STATISTICS OF INTERNATIONAL TRADEMARKS FROM COMMENCEMENT (1893) TO 1965

I. REGISTERED TRADEMARKS

Origin of filings	1893 to 1945 (53 years)	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Total
Austria	7 058	.	34	498	339	346	328	251	278	242	329	341	302	394	326	368	373	444	558	478	414	13 701
Belgium	5 616	419	385	365	368	340	347	377	346	332	367	309	431	453	795	567	740	876	659	809	775	15 706
Czechoslovakia	4 906	182	458	481	221	182	148	69	103	122	102	104	170	188	160	116	161	223	220	193	100	8 589
France	40 772	1 908	1 762	1 853	1 651	1 557	1 501	1 401	1 509	1 837	1 629	1 463	1 891	2 383	2 593	2 643	2 640	3 082	3 060	2 956	3 693	83 904
Germany	30 226	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
A* . . . . .	.	.	.	.	36	1 306	2 708	3 000	2 678	2 647	2 628	2 370	2 137	2 520	3 104	3 227	2 963	3 186	4 209	4 268	3 455	80 303
B** . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Hungary	1 485	42	38	64	72	73	22	21	41	39	24	24	65	83	50	22	44	35	39	30	30	2 343
Italy	4 191	124	190	522	342	362	395	449	393	612	523	638	548	880	872	976	1 226	1 204	981	1 189	1 268	17 885
Liechtenstein	12	.	1	18	3	11	20	20	41	33	107	59	76	27	56	90	83	86	115	113	115	1 086
Luxembourg	208	25	27	34	14	26	14	20	11	14	17	16	23	21	17	30	19	22	32	49	33	672
Monaco . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	24	46	37	63	23	21	53	39	316
Morocco	135	16	13	27	52	80	39	38	45	69	50	47	37	32	37	21	20	40	27	21	45	1 161
Tangier . . . . .	.	1	.	19	9	10	23	16	20	21	26	37	21	31	16	4	.	5	5	4	2	
Netherlands	9 386	534	502	903	743	796	591	571	736	618	760	723	657	785	876	1 056	1 132	1 053	1 149	1 168	1 382	26 121
Portugal	1 292	40	62	49	76	53	73	74	47	74	75	53	71	46	66	44	48	64	72	53	47	2 479
Rumania	71	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	27	13	56	173	96	69	508
San Marino . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	(3)	.	(3)	.	.
Spain	4 212	237	179	276	171	206	280	242	235	188	214	226	173	218	313	287	462	519	656	662	689	10 645
Switzerland	14 387	940	980	843	700	906	984	977	1 061	1 176	1 073	1 113	1 182	1 303	1 430	1 708	1 745	1 787	2 005	2 000	2 200	40 500
Tunisia	57	14	4	17	12	6	16	6	4	12	6	4	1	4	6	5	3	2	.	1	1	181
Turkey(1)	68	16	1	2	1	7	20	9	7	1	2	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	136
UAR . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	19	3	1	5	2	4	13	1	1	7	4	79
Viet-Nam . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Yugoslavia	146	.	.	10	1	2	.	.	11	17	13	4	3	1	3	2	8	8	41	10	19	300
Other Countries (2)	563	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	563
Total	124 791	4 560	4 616	5 981	4 801	6 309	7 569	7 552	7 572	8 069	7 955	7 909	8 501	9 873	11 296	11 662	12 079	12 872	14 193	14 423	14 596	307 179

(1) Turkey which became a Member of the Restricted Union in 1925 withdrew with effect from September 10, 1956.

(2) The figure given under "Other Countries" includes filings effected through the intermediary of countries which withdrew from the Madrid Union more than 20 years ago (Brazil: 205; Cuba: 162; Danzig: 56; Latvia: 1; Mexico: 139).

(3) Two marks belonging to nationals of San Marino domiciled in that Republic have been registered at the request of the Italian Administration in compliance with the Treaty of Friendship between Italy and the Republic of San Marino.

* A = Federal Republic of Germany.

** B = East Germany or German Democratic Republic (BIRPI has adopted no stand as regards the legal status of this Zone or State).

II. REFUSALS (1)

Refusing country	1893 to 1945 (53 years)	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Total
Austria	7 937	.	49	692	713	1 007	1 786	1 442	1 004	753	864	1 156	1 390	1 914	1 970	2 449	1 762	1 820	2 262	1 943	1 906	34 819
Belgium	70	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	70
Czechoslovakia	7 440	912	830	535	901	677	894	587	565	587	427	547	522	658	1 402	1 376	1 250	1 530	2 019	2 068	2 300	28 027
France	83	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	16
Germany	34 926	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	117 971
" A* . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	1 053	1 916	2 366	2 662	3 710	3 179	3 294	3 793	3 803	3 481	6 843	5 584	5 897	7 177	6 541	5 951	} 117 971
" B** . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	285	450	644	977	1 078	1 391	2 282	2 429	2 789	3 470	
Hungary	5 665	372	649	533	591	877	1 520	1 722	739	713	527	468	435	516	952	1 282	1 114	832	1 300	1 640	931	23 378
Indonesia . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Surinam and Netherlands Antilles (withdrawn)	20 439	2	2	2	3	4	3	4	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20 461
Italy	43	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	43
Liechtenstein	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Luxembourg	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	17
Monaco	27	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74
Morocco . . . . .	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7
Tangier . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7
Netherlands	37 424	770	2 613	1 967	2 410	2 655	4 826	4 669	3 715	3 188	2 853	2 975	2 651	2 757	1 972	4 344	5 111	5 507	5 460	5 716	5 265	108 848
Portugal	4 419	.	352	615	867	644	674	629	633	866	1 010	1 007	1 162	1 856	1 568	1 561	1 953	1 449	1 412	1 567	1 389	25 633
Rumania	23	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	25
San Marino . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Spain	5 366	431	682	732	662	1 036	1 156	2 632	6 258	3 774	4 425	3 461	3 921	5 744	6 147	7 331	6 937	9 638	11 391	10 465	10 993	103 182
Switzerland	4 838	280	342	350	626	351	497	485	469	3 774	448	442	285	282	423	346	442	307	521	402	469	12 877
Tunisia	36	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	39
Turkey (withdrawn)	94	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	97
UAR . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	97
Viet-Nam . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	91	120	37	38	25	48	35	62	69	33	64	60	65	753
Yugoslavia	2 772	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	4	5	1	8	2	3	43	.	110	151	106	150	3 358
Other Countries(2)	24 116	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	24 116
Total	155 735	2 768	5 520	5 426	6 773	8 304	13 272	14 542	16 140	14 168	13 773	13 519	14 631	18 235	18 936	26 718	25 615	29 409	34 191	33 301	32 912	503 888

(1) During the year 1965 BIRPI received communications, regarding a total of 21,419 trademarks, of decisions establishing confirmation, cancellation or amendment of their initial notification or refusal. These notifications are not shown in the above table.

(2) The number indicated under "Other Countries" comprises the refusals effected by countries which have left the Madrid Union more than 20 years ago (Brazil: 4 525; Cuba: 14 863; Danzig: 10; Latvia 2 and Mexico 4716).

* A = Federal Republic of Germany.

** B = East Germany or German Democratic Republic (BIRPI has adopted no stand as regards the legal status of this Zone or State).

ADMINISTRATION

Trademarks registered in 1965 numbered 14,596 (14,423 in 1964; see Table No. I above).

Out of these 14,596 trademarks, 2,267 were registered only for a period of protection of 10 years, the applicants having availed themselves of the possibility provided in Article 8 of the Agreement which enables them to pay part only of the international fee.

Out of the 1,397 trademarks registered in 1965, for which the fee paid at the time of filing only covered a period of protection of 10 years, the supplementary payment to cover maintenance of the registration for the full period of 20 years was made in the case of 975 marks.

Applications for registering one or more previous international registrations about to expire numbered 1,944 (i.e., 13 % of the 14,596 registrations).

There were 32,912 notifications of total or partial refusal and of qualified acceptance (acceptance with a limited priority). There were 21,419 "sequels to refusals", i.e., notifications establishing confirmation, amendment or cancellation of the initial decision. Table No. II above indicates the country of origin and the number of these refusals.

In the course of 1965, BIRPI recorded 2,308 assignments (2,153 in 1964) and 3,190 "miscellaneous operations", the latter term being applied to limitations on the list of goods for all contracting countries; changes in firms, domicile or address; corrections and all other changes which may affect the status of an international trademark for all contracting countries.

There were 729 cancellations of international trademarks for the contracting countries of the Madrid Union as a whole. Of these cancellations, 400 took place as a result of renunciation, 3 following an assignment to persons not entitled to deposit international trademarks, 294 following failure to pay the supplementary fee for maintaining registration for 20 years, and 32 for other reasons. BIRPI also recorded the cancellation of 330 national registrations which had served as a basis for the same number of international registrations. These cancellations did not, however, entail cancellation of the corresponding international registrations (a note to that effect was published in the Management Report for the year 1952, page 12).

There were 3,867 total or partial renunciations of protection in one or more of the contracting countries - but not in all. Of these 2,206 were "simultaneous renunciations" which were notified to BIRPI simultaneously with the application for international registration.

Total or partial invalidation decisions affected 115 trademarks. These decisions were of an administrative nature in the case of 102 trademarks and of a judicial nature for 13.

Searches for anticipation numbered 3,648 in respect of word marks and 115 in respect of figure marks. Searches concerning the ownership of trademarks numbered 60.

BIRPI issued 5,377 "extracts" (certificates of registration) referring to 5,592 trademarks.

In the course of 1965, the Trademarks Service of BIRPI received and despatched 93,855 letters, circulars, etc.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1965

	Swiss francs
<u>Receipts:</u> (for details, see page 9 above)...	2,316,260.88
<u>Expenditure:</u>	
Expenses for 1965, according to details given on page 10 above (before transfer to reserve fund)	2,097,540.42
Distribution to Member States of the Madrid Union, in accordance with <u>Table M</u> below	147,000.--
Total expenditure (without reserve fund)	<u>2,244,540.42</u>
<u>Difference:</u>	<u>71,720.46</u>

This difference is transferred to the Union of Madrid's reserve fund. The latter fund amounted to 1,538,086,52 francs on December 31, 1965.

DISTRIBUTION TO MEMBER STATES OF THE MADRID UNION

Distribution of two-thirds of the surplus (218,720.46) of receipts for the year 1965 (2,316,260.88) as compared with expenditure for the year 1965 (2,097,540.42), in accordance with the decision of the Committee of Directors of National Industrial Property Offices of Member States of the Madrid Union, taken at Geneva on November 29, 1963 (two-thirds of 218,720.46) (1) 147,000.--(2)
=====

-
- (1) 7,000 francs for each of the 21 Member States of the Madrid Union (Austria, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany (Federal Republic), Hungary, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Monaco, Morocco, Netherlands, Portugal, Rumania, San Marino, Spain, Switzerland, Tunisia, United Arab Republic, Viet-Nam, Yugoslavia).
- (2) Two-thirds of 218,720.46 francs equals 145,813.64 francs. To facilitate the distribution of the even sum of 7,000 francs to each of the Member States, the two-thirds amount was rounded off to 147,000 francs.

THE HAGUE UNION FOR THE INTERNATIONAL DEPOSIT
OF INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

Founded by the Hague Agreement of November 6, 1925, which came into force on June 1, 1928, and was revised at London in 1934 and at The Hague in 1960, and being provided with an Additional Act signed at Monaco in 1961, this restricted Union comprises the following 14⁽¹⁾ countries:

Belgium	Morocco
France	Netherlands
Germany (Federal Republic)	Spain
Holy See	Switzerland
Indonesia	Tunisia
Liechtenstein	United Arab Republic
Monaco	Viet-Nam

The fourteen Member States are all bound by the London Text of 1934, but Belgium, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Monaco, the Netherlands and Switzerland are also bound by the Additional Act of Monaco of 1961.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

The Additional Act of Monaco of November 18, 1961, was ratified in 1964 by Belgium, with effect from November 13, 1964 (see Industrial Property, 1964, page 208).

The Hague Text of November 28, 1960, was ratified by France in 1962 and by Switzerland in 1963. Failing the required number of ratifications, this Text is not yet in force.

(1) As regards East Germany or the German Democratic Republic, see La Propriété industrielle, 1956, page 21.

PERIODICAL REVIEW: "LES DESSINS ET MODELES INTERNATIONAUX"

During 1965, twelve monthly issues totalling 289 pages were published. The number printed was 250 copies per month, distributed as follows:

Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	94
Copies distributed free of charge	9
Copies for exchange purposes	3
Copies sent to paying subscribers	120
Reserve in stock	24

STATISTICS OF THE INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS SERVICE
FROM THE COMMENCEMENT (1928) TO 1965

Number, Type of Deposits; Number of Objects

Year	Deposits Registered	Open Deposits	Sealed Deposits	Single Deposits	Multiple Deposits	Number of Objects contained in Deposits	Deposits Prolonged
1928 to 1955	19 109	7 480	11 629	8 270	10 839	835 118	3 463
1956	1 294	537	757	632	662	26 284	277
1957	1 392	681	711	704	688	25 540	316
1958	1 744	797	947	861	883	29 871	404
1959	1 959	987	972	912	1 047	33 653	486
1960	2 017	931	1 086	1 044	973	31 663	616
1961	2 125	948	1 177	1 177	948	31 182	499
1962	2 385	1 043	1 342	1 383	1 002	28 058	580
1963	2 158	1 054	1 104	1 262	896	24 813	767
1964	2 113	1 097	1 016	1 155	958	34 056	684
1965	2 129	1 121	1 008	1 181	948	31 313	732
Total . .	38 425	16 676	21 749	18 581	19 844	1 131 551	8 824

NUMBER AND ORIGIN OF THE REGISTERED AND PROLONGED DEPOSITS

Country of origin of Deposits	Registered Deposits												Deposits prolonged	
	1928 to 1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	Total	1965	Total
Belgium	922	58	80	87	104	98	109	103	104	114	154	1 943	36	503
France	3 926	278	331	387	474	450	437	481	472	573	628	8 437	240	2 520
Germany	1 684	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1 684	.	483
" A*	672	195	211	227	313	470	532	545	550	525	495	4 735	152	1 141
" B**	-	3	1	5	6	15	9	1	1	5	1	47	9	12
Holy See . . . . .	-	.	.	.	.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liechtenstein	34	18	11	12	10	16	14	13	29	27	18	202	5	55
Monaco	-	2	2	10	2	7	7	14	8	9	11	72	3	10
Morocco	39	10	8	8	10	2	4	4	10	1	1	97	1	46
Netherlands	388	8	30	39	56	60	55	35	45	49	85	850	43	228
Spain	102	7	4	56	34	33	38	28	34	18	32	386	31	161
Switzerland	11 337	703	709	913	948	865	920	1 161	905	791	704	19 956	213	3 661
Tunisia	2	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	7	-	1
United Arab Republic	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	4
Viet-Nam	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Total	19 109	1 294	1 392	1 744	1 959	2 017	2 125	2 385	2 158	2 113	2 129	38 425	733	8 825

* A = Federal Republic of Germany.

** B = East Germany or German Democratic Republic (BIRPI has adopted no stand as regards the legal status of this Zone or State).

ADMINISTRATION

In the course of 1965, 36 assignments of international deposits or other operations related thereto were recorded.

328 certificates of registration (extracts) and other identification certificates were issued.

143 deposits were consulted; 1194 reproductions of objects deposited were provided; and 61 searches were carried out in the index of depositors.

In the course of 1965, the Designs Service received and despatched 5,660 letters, circulars, etc.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1965

Swiss francs

Expenditure: (for details, see page 10 above) 218,847.16

Receipts:

Receipts for the year 1965, according to the details given on page 9 above (excluding the advance to cover deficit) 194,375.93

Difference: 24,471.23
=====

This difference represents a deficit temporarily covered by an advance from the Swiss Government.

The deficit for 1965 (24,471.23) added to those of 1963 (20,643.55) and 1964 (22,441.77) represents a total deficit of 67,556.55 francs.

NICE UNION CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION
OF GOODS AND SERVICES TO WHICH TRADEMARKS ARE APPLIED

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

Founded by the Nice Agreement of June 15, 1957,
which came into force on April 8, 1961, this restricted
Union comprises the following 18 (1) countries:

Australia	Netherlands
Belgium	Norway
Czechoslovakia	Poland
Denmark	Portugal
France	Spain
Germany (Federal Republic)	Sweden
Israel	Switzerland
Italy	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Lebanon	
Monaco	

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

There were no further adhesions to the Nice Union
in 1965.

MEETING

The Committee of Experts set up by Article 3 of
the Nice Agreement held its third session in Geneva on
May 5 and 6, 1965. The Committee adopted a number of
amendments, additions and deletions concerning the Inter-
national Classification (see Industrial Property, 1965,
page 166).

(1) As regards East Germany or the German Democratic
Republic, see Industrial Property, 1964, page 254.

PUBLICATION

The first supplement to the "Classification internationale des produits et services auxquels s'appliquent les marques de fabrique ou de commerce", first issued in 1964, was published in 1965. It contains the amendments (in French) adopted by the Committee of Experts of May 1965 (see above).

An English translation of the "Classification" including the amendments adopted in 1965 was published by BIRPI in cooperation with the United Kingdom Patent Office.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1965

	Swiss francs
<u>Expenditure:</u> (for details, see page 10 above)	82,695.92
<u>Receipts:</u> (for details, see page 9 above)	
Publications	10,552.64
Miscellaneous	497.94
Interest	217.34
Total receipts (excluding contributions)	11,267.92
<u>Difference:</u>	71,428.--

This difference will be covered by the contributions of the Member States which will be recovered according to the following tables:

TABLE N/1

NUMBER OF UNITS

The contribution payable by each Member State is determined on the basis of Article 5 of the Nice Agreement:

Class	Number of Units per Class	Number of States belonging to each Class	Product of the two Numbers
I	25	4 (a)	100
II	20	-	-
III	15	6 (b)	90
IV	10	5 (c)	50
V	5	1 (d)	5
VI	3	2 (e)	6
		<hr/> Total:18	<hr/> Total:251

- (a) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (b) Australia, Belgium, Netherlands, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (c) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Norway, Portugal, Spain.
- (d) Israel.
- (e) Lebanon, Monaco.

TABLE N/2

CONTRIBUTIONS

Basis of Contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
In pursuance of Article 5(1) of the Nice Agreement: 40,000 gold francs at 1.428571 = 57,142 plus, in pursuance of Article 5(2) of the Agreement: 10,000 gold francs at 1.428571 = 14,286 Total: 71,428 =====	I	7,114.--(a)	4 (aa)	28,456.--
	II	-	-	-
	III	4,269.--(b)	6 (bb)	25,614.--
	IV	2,846.--(c)	5 (cc)	14,230
	V	1,422.--(d)	1 (dd)	1,422.--
	VI	853.--(e)	2 (ee)	1,706.--
				71,428.-- =====

(a) $\frac{71\,428 \times 25}{251}$

(b) $\frac{71\,428 \times 15}{251}$

(c) $\frac{71\,428 \times 10}{251}$

(d) $\frac{71\,428 \times 5}{251}$

(e) $\frac{71\,428 \times 3}{251}$

(aa) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

(bb) Australia, Belgium, Netherlands, Poland, Sweden, Switzerland.

(cc) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Norway, Portugal, Spain.

(dd) Israel.

(ee) Lebanon, Monaco.

LISBON UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF APPELLATIONS OF ORIGIN
AND THEIR INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION

N O T E

The Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration was signed by 12 States (Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Morocco, Portugal, Rumania, Spain, Turkey) in 1958 and 1959.

Up to 1965, four States had ratified the Agreement: Czechoslovakia, Cuba, France, Israel(1). During 1965, there were no further ratifications.

The Agreement will come into force when five instruments of ratification have been deposited. As this number has not yet been reached, the Agreement is still not in force.

(1) The accessions of Haiti, Mexico and San Marino are not effective until the Agreement comes into force.

III

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF LITERARY AND ARTISTIC WORKS
(BERNE UNION)
(78th Year)

INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION OF LITERARY AND ARTISTIC WORKS
(BERNE UNION)

MEMBER STATES OF THE UNION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1965

Founded by the Berne Convention of September 9, 1886, which came into force on December 5, 1887, and was revised at Paris in 1896, at Berlin in 1908, at Berne in 1914, at Rome in 1928, and at Brussels in 1948, the Berne Union comprises the following 54⁽¹⁾ countries:

Australia	Lebanon
Austria	Liechtenstein
Belgium	Luxembourg
Brazil	Mali
Bulgaria	Monaco
Cameroon	Morocco
Canada	Netherlands
Ceylon	New Zealand
Congo (Brazzaville)	Niger
Congo (Leopoldville)	Norway
Cyprus	Pakistan
Czechoslovakia	Philippines
Dahomey	Poland
Denmark	Portugal
Finland	Rumania
France	Senegal
Gabon	South Africa
Germany (Federal Republic)	Spain
Greece	Sweden
Holy See	Switzerland
Hungary	Thailand
Iceland	Tunisia
India	Turkey
Ireland	United Kingdom of
Israel	Great Britain and
Italy	Northern Ireland
Ivory Coast	Upper Volta
Japan	Yugoslavia

(1) As regards East Germany or the German Democratic Republic, see Le Droit d'Auteur, 1956, pages 105, 117 and 169.

The Convention setting up the Berne Union has been revised several times. The following list indicates, in respect of each revision of the Convention, those States which have ratified or acceded to it. Certain States have acceded to more than one text; in such cases the most recent text which each State has ratified or acceded to is indicated in the list.

Berlin Text of 1908:

Thailand, South West Africa.

Rome Text of 1928:

States which have not made reservations:

Australia, Bulgaria, Canada, Ceylon, Czechoslovakia, Germany (Federal Republic), Hungary, Lebanon, Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan, Poland, Rumania.

States which have made reservations:

- France: Article 4 of the 1886 text is substituted for paragraph (4) of Article 2 (works of applied art).
- Greece: Articles 5 and 9 of the 1886 text are substituted for Articles 8 and 11 (right of translation and right of representation and performance).
- Iceland: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for Icelandic translations only).
- Ireland: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for Irish translations only).
- Japan: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation).
- Tunisia: Article 4 of the 1886 text is substituted for paragraph (4) of Article 2 (works of applied art).
- Yugoslavia: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for translations in the languages of Yugoslavia only).

Brussels Text of 1948:

States which have not made reservations:

Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Cameroon, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Denmark, Finland, France, Gabon, Greece, Holy See, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Norway, Philippines, Portugal, Senegal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Upper Volta.

States which have made reservations:

Turkey: Article 5 of the 1886 text (as amended by the Additional Act of 1896) is substituted for Article 8 (right of translation for translations into Turkish only).

Yugoslavia: Same reservation as above for the Rome Text.

RATIFICATIONS AND OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTIFICATIONS
CONCERNING THE UNION

Members.- During 1965, there were no further adhesions to the Berne Union.

Non-sovereign Territories.- In 1965, New Zealand deposited a declaration to the effect that the Rome Text (1928) of the Berne Convention was applicable to the Cook and Tokelau Islands as from March 18, 1965 (see Copyright, 1965, page 55).

Change of Class.- The Polish Government intimated that it intended to be placed, as from the financial year 1965, in Class V (instead of Class III) with regard to its contribution towards the expenses of the International Bureau, pursuant to Article 23(4) of the Berne Convention (see Copyright, 1965, page 8).

PERIODICAL REVIEWS: "LE DROIT D'AUTEUR" AND "COPYRIGHT"

In pursuance of the Resolution adopted by the Permanent Committee of the Berne Union at its 11th session in New Delhi (India) in 1963 (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 41), the Swiss Government consulted the Member States of the Union during 1964 with a view to authorizing BIRPI to publish a separate edition of the review in English.

As the results of this consultation were positive (see Le Droit d'Auteur (Copyright), 1964, page 193), the review has been published, as from the January 1965 number, in two editions with identical contents: one in French ("Le Droit d'Auteur") and the other in English ("Copyright").

The twelve monthly issues of Le Droit d'Auteur contained 296 pages and the English edition, Copyright, 287 pages.

Apart from the communications relating to the deposit of instruments of ratification and accession in respect of the Berne Convention, or declarations concerning its application, the following material was published, inter alia:

- under the heading "International Conventions", the Protocol to the European Agreement on the Protection of Television Broadcasts; the European Agreement for the Prevention of Broadcasts transmitted from Stations outside National Territories;
- under the heading "National Legislation", laws, decrees, orders or regulations from seven countries of the Union (Denmark, Germany (Federal Republic), India, Japan, Morocco, Norway and the United Kingdom) and from three non-Union countries (Malawi, United States of America and Zambia);
- general studies on various legal questions and "Letters" concerning the following countries: Argentina, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany (Federal Republic), Hungary, Israel, Netherlands, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom;
- under the heading "International Activities", reports on meetings and congresses of certain non-governmental organizations.

During 1965, the average number of copies printed of the review was 1,225 for the French edition and 1,000 for the English edition, distributed as follows:

	<u>Le Droit d'Auteur</u>	<u>Copyright</u>
Copies sent free of charge to Member States of the Union	261	112
Copies distributed free of charge	64	20
Copies for exchange purposes	107	11
Copies sent to paying subscribers	483	162
Reserve in stock	310	695

BIRPI MEETINGS

Permanent Committee of the Berne Union (12th session).- In accordance with its Rules of Procedure, the Permanent Committee held its 12th ordinary session in Paris, from November 15 to 18, 1965. Some of the many questions on its agenda were examined at meetings held jointly with the Intergovernmental Copyright Committee, in view of their common interest. The final report and the various resolutions were published in Copyright, 1966, pages 9 et seq.

Committee of Governmental Experts preparatory to the Stockholm Conference for the Revision of the Berne Convention.- In pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Permanent Committee of the Berne Union at its 11th session in New Delhi in 1963, the Director of BIRPI invited the Member States of the Berne Union to participate in a Committee of Governmental Experts in order to express the views of their respective Governments on the proposals for the revision of the Berne Convention drafted by the Swedish/BIRPI Study Group. This Committee of Experts met in Geneva from July 5 to 14, 1965. The representatives of thirty-five Member States of the Berne Union were present, as well as a number of observers from interested international organizations. The details of the discussion and the opinions expressed by the Committee were reproduced in the report of the debates which was sent to Member States at the end of July, 1965 (see Copyright, 1965, pages 194 et seq.).

Meeting of Government Representatives to Constitute the Intergovernmental Committee established by the Rome Convention of 1961.- The International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations, adopted at Rome in 1961, came

into force on May 18, 1964. In accordance with Article 32, paragraph 3, of that Convention, an Intergovernmental Committee was to be constituted twelve months after the Convention came into force. A meeting of Government representatives of the Contracting States was therefore convened on May 18, 1965, at the International Labour Office in Geneva, by the three international Organizations concerned, ILO, Unesco and BIRPI. As a result of the elections held at that meeting the following States became members of the Intergovernmental Committee established by the Rome Convention: Congo (Brazzaville), Czechoslovakia, Ecuador, Mexico, Sweden and the United Kingdom. The report on the meeting was published in Copyright, 1965, on pages 171 to 173.

OTHER ACTIVITIES OF BIRPI

Meetings of Other Organizations.- Among the meetings at which BIRPI was represented in 1965 were the following: International Literary and Artistic Association (51st Congress, August 23 to 28); International Confederation of Societies of Authors and Composers (Legislative Committee, March 4 to 6, October 28 and 29); International Secretariat of Entertainment Unions (Founding Congress, March 8 to 11); International Publishers Association (17th Congress, May 30 to June 5).

Legal-technical Assistance.- With the cooperation of one of the national copyright offices, BIRPI granted a fellowship in 1965 to a national of a developing country. This marked the start of the training program in the field of copyright. BIRPI also gave assistance to a number of developing countries in the drafting of their national copyright laws.

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1965

	Swiss francs
<u>Expenditure:</u> (for details, see page 10 above)	693,836.14
<u>Receipts:</u> (for details, see page 9 above)	
Publications	55,507.20
Miscellaneous	13,260.07
Interest	1,057.87
Total receipts (excluding contributions)	69,827.14
<u>Difference</u>	624,009.--

This difference will be covered by the contributions of the Member States, which will be recovered according to the following tables:

NUMBER OF UNITS

Each State's contribution is determined on the basis of Article 23(2) of the Rome or Brussels Texts of the Berne Convention and the Swiss Government's memorandum of May 1962:

Class	Number of Units per Class	Number of States belonging to each Class	Product of the two Numbers
I	25	4 (a)	100
II	20	2 (b)	40
III	15	8 (c)	120
IV	10	9 (d)	90
V	5	4 (e)	20
VI	3	27 (f)	81
		<u>Total:54</u>	<u>Total:451</u>

- (a) France, Germany (Federal Republic), Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (b) Canada, Spain.
- (c) Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Japan, Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (d) Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, India, Ireland, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa, Yugoslavia.
- (e) Bulgaria, Israel, Poland, Rumania..
- (f) Austria, Cameroon, Ceylon, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Gabon, Greece, Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Pakistan, Philippines, Senegal, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Upper Volta.

TABLE L/2

CONTRIBUTIONS

Basis of Contributions (Swiss francs)	Class	Amount to be recovered per State (Swiss francs)	Number of States	Total (Swiss francs)
231 400	I	-	-	-
	II	-	-	-
	III	-	-	-
	IV	5 131.--- (a)	1 (aa)	5 131.---
	V	2 566.--- (b)	2 (bb)	5 132.---
	VI	-	-	-
400 000	I	-	-	-
	II	17 739.--- (c)	1 (cc)	17 739.---
	III	13 304.--- (d)	2 (dd)	26 608.---
	IV	8 869.--- (e)	1 (ee)	8 869.---
	V	4 435.--- (f)	1 (ff)	4 435.---
	VI	2 661.--- (g)	6 (gg)	15 966.---
700 000	I	38 803.--- (h)	4 (hh)	155 212.---
	II	31 042.--- (i)	1 (ii)	31 042.---
	III	23 282.--- (j)	6 (jj)	139 692.---
	IV	15 521.--- (k)	7 (kk)	108 647.---
	V	7 760.--- (l)	1 (ll)	7 760.---
	VI	4 656.--- (m)	21 (mm)	97 776.---
		Total	54	624 009.---

- (a) $\frac{231\ 400}{451} \times 10$
- (b) $\frac{231\ 400}{451} \times 5$
- (c) $\frac{400\ 000}{451} \times 20$
- (d) $\frac{400\ 000}{451} \times 15$
- (e) $\frac{400\ 000}{451} \times 10$
- (f) $\frac{400\ 000}{451} \times 5$
- (g) $\frac{400\ 000}{451} \times 3$
- (h) $\frac{700\ 000}{451} \times 25$
- (i) $\frac{700\ 000}{451} \times 10$
- (j) $\frac{700\ 000}{451} \times 15$
- (k) $\frac{700\ 000}{451} \times 10$
- (l) $\frac{700\ 000}{451} \times 5$
- (m) $\frac{700\ 000}{451} \times 3$

- (aa) Yugoslavia.
- (bb) Bulgaria, Poland.
- (cc) Canada.
- (dd) Belgium, Portugal.
- (ee) Czechoslovakia.
- (ff) Rumania.
- (gg) Austria, Cameroon, Cyprus, Dahomey, Hungary, Thailand.
- (hh) France, Germany (Federal Republic)
- (ii) Italy, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (jj) Spain.
- (kk) Australia, Brazil, Japan, Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland.
- (ll) Denmark, Finland, India, Ireland, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa.

- (mm) Israel.
- (nn) Ceylon, Congo (Frazzaville), Congo (Leopoldville), Gabon, Greece, Holy See, Iceland, Ivory Coast, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Monaco, Morocco, Niger, Pakistan, Philippines, Senegal, Tunisia, Turkey, Upper Volta.

Note: Communications relating to acceptance of the ceilings of 400,000 or 700,000 francs reaching BIRPI after January 1, 1966, will not be taken into consideration until the calculation of the contributions for 1966.

Geneva, May 1, 1966.

G.H.C. BODENHAUSEN
Director